WARRNAMBOOL

Annual Report 2017-2018



Warrnambool: A Cosmopolitan City by the Sea



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Cover: detail of *In Spirit* by Warrnambool artist, Jimmi Buscombe.



Warrnambool City Council Financial report

For the year ended June 30, 2018



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Financial report - For the year ended June 30, 2018

2017-2018 Financial Report

Certification of the Financial Statements

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1989, the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014, Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.

DHangt

David Harrington CA Principal Accounting Officer September 14, 2018 Warrnambool

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements present fairly the financial transactions of Warrnambool City Council for the year ended 30 June 2018 and the financial position of the Council as at that date.

As at the date of signing, we are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

We have been authorised by the Council and by the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014 to certify the financial statements in their final form.

Michael Neoh Councillor September 14, 2018 Warmambool

Susan Cassidy Councillor September 14, 2018 Warrnambool

Bruce Anson Chief Executive Officer September 14, 2018 Warrnambool

•	dent Auditor's Report	Victorian Auditor-General's Office
To the Counci	llors of Warrnambool City Council	
Opinion	I have audited the financial report of Warrnambool City comprises the:	Council (the council) which
	 balance sheet as at 30 June 2018 comprehensive income statement for the year the statement of changes in equity for the year then statement of cash flows for the year then ended notes to the financial statements, including signification of the financial statements. 	ended
	In my opinion the financial report presents fairly, in all r position of the council as at 30 June 2018 and their finan the year then ended in accordance with the financial rep <i>Local Government Act 1989</i> and applicable Australian Ac	ncial performance and cash flows for porting requirements of Part 6 of the
Basis for Opinion	I have conducted my audit in accordance with the Audit Australian Auditing Standards. I further describe my res those standards in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the of my report.	ponsibilities under that Act and
	My independence is established by the <i>Constitution Act</i> independent of the council in accordance with the ethic Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 <i>Con</i> <i>Accountants</i> (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of staff and I have also fulfilled our other ethical responsib	al requirements of the Accounting de of Ethics for Professional the financial report in Victoria. My
	I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is suffice basis for my opinion.	cient and appropriate to provide a
Councillors' responsibilities for the financial report	The Councillors of the council are responsible for the pro- the financial report in accordance with Australian Accou <i>Government Act 1989</i> , and for such internal control as t necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or en	Inting Standards and the <i>Local</i> he Councillors determine is on of a financial report that is free
	In preparing the financial report, the Councillors are res ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as app concern and using the going concern basis of accounting	ponsible for assessing the council's licable, matters related to going

Level 31 / 35 Collins Street, Melbourne Vic 3000 T 03 8601 7000 enquiries@audit.vic.gov.au www.audit.vic.gov.au



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report As required by the *Audit Act 1994*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on the audit. My objectives for the audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the council's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Councillors
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Councillors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the council's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the Councillors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

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MELBOURNE 17 September 2018

Tim Loughnan as delegate for the Auditor-General of Victoria

Comprehensive income statement - For the year ended June 30, 2018				
	Note	2018	2017	
Income		\$'000	\$'000	
Rates and charges	2.1	35,917	34,429	
Statutory fees and fines	2.2	1,618	1,811	
User fees	2.3	15,390	15,287	
Grants - operating	2.4	14,555	15,629	
Grants - capital	2.4	6,897	5,828	
Contributions - monetary	2.5	1,545	2,379	
Contributions - non monetary	2.5	1,460	4,806	
Found Assets	2.5(a)	691	2,832	
Share of net profits (or loss) of associates and joint ventures	5.3(a)	22	53	
Other income	2.7	765	726	
Total income		78,860	83,780	
Expenses				
Employee costs	3.1	(31,886)	(31,575)	
Materials and services	3.2	(26,554)	(25,604)	
Depreciation	3.3	(12,265)	(10,936)	
Bad and doubtful debts	3.4	(129)	(259)	
Borrowing costs	3.5	(411)	(492)	
Other expenses	3.6	(781)	(784)	
Net gain (or loss) on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	2.6	(810)	(2,465)	
Total expenses		(72,836)	(72,115)	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		6,024	11,665	
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified to surplus or deficit in future periods				
Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	5.2	(19,530)	11,695	
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures	5.3	(5)	6	
Total comprehensive result		(13,511)	23,366	
The above comprehensive income statement should be read in conjunction with	the accompanying notes.			

Balance sheet - As at June 30, 2018						
	Note	2018	2017			
		\$'000	\$'000			
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	4.1(a)	3,570	1,564			
Trade and other receivables	4.1(c)	2,865	4,258			
Other financial assets	4.1(b)	8,000	12,000			
Inventories	4.2(a)	175	180			
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	5.1	184	-			
Other assets	4.2(b)	1,261	738			
Total current assets		16,055	18,740			
Non-current assets						
Trade and other receivables	4.1(c)	24	87			
Investments in associates, joint arrangements and subsidiaries	5.3	569	552			
Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	5.2	654,333	667,094			
Total non-current assets		654,926	667,733			
Total assets		670,981	686,473			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	4.3(a)	3,801	4,389			
Trust funds and deposits	4.3(b)	761	648			
Provisions	4.5	6,604	6,126			
Interest-bearing liabilities	4.4	1,542	1,835			
Total current liabilities		12,708	12,998			
Non-current liabilities						
Provisions	4.5	1,221	1,370			
Interest-bearing liabilities	4.4	4,537	6,079			
Total non-current liabilities		5,758	7,449			
Total liabilities		18,466	20,447			
Net assets		652,515	666,026			
Equity						
Accumulated surplus		219,111	212,930			
Reserves	8.1	433,404	453,096			
Total Equity		652,515	666,026			

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Statement of changes in equity - For the year ended June 30, 2018

			Accumulated	Asset Revaluation	Other
	Note	Total	Surplus	Reserve	Reserves
2018		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at beginning of the financial year		666,026	212,930	446,997	6,099
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		6,024	6,024	-	-
Other comprehensive income from investment in associates	5.3	(5)	(5)	-	-
Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	5.2	(19,530)	-	(19,530)	-
Transfers to other reserves	8.1(b)	-	(626)	-	626
Transfers from other reserves	8.1(b)	-	788	-	(788)
Balance at end of the financial year		652,515	219,111	427,467	5,937

			Accumulated	Asset Revaluation	Other
		Total	Surplus	Reserve	Reserves
2017		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at beginning of the financial year		642,660	201,134	435,302	6,224
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		11,665	11,665	-	-
Other comprehensive income from investment in associates	5.3	6	6	-	-
Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	5.2	11,695	-	11,695	-
Transfers to other reserves	8.1(b)	-	(1,002)	-	1,002
Transfers from other reserves	8.1(b)	-	1,127	-	(1,127)
Balance at end of the financial year		666,026	212,930	446,997	6,099

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows - For the year ended June 30, 2018

		2018	2017
		Inflows/	Inflows/
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			

ish flows from operating activities

Rates and charges		35,917	34,500
Statutory fees and fines		1,618	1,651
User fees		16,608	15,371
Grants - operating		14,555	14,715
Grants - capital		6,897	5,828
Contributions - monetary		1,545	2,379
Interest received		261	386
Trust funds and deposits taken		1,331	1,346
Other receipts		523	427
Net GST refund/(payment)		120	183
Employee costs		(31,490)	(31,181)
Materials and services		(26,189)	(25,331)
Trust funds and deposits repaid		(1,218)	(1,418)
Interest paid		(411)	(492)
Other payments		(781)	(761)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	8.2	19,286	17,603

Cash flows from investing activities

Payments for property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	5.2	(19,750)	(14,992)
Proceeds from sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment		305	711
Payments for investments		(8,000)	(32,000)
Proceeds from sale of investments		12,000	29,000
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(15,445)	(17,281)

Cash flows from financing activities

Repayment of borrowings	(1,835)	(1,985)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	(1,835)	(1,985)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,006	(1,663)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	1,564	3,227

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	4.1(a)	3,570	1,564
Financing arrangements	4.6		
Restrictions on cash assets	4.1		

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Statement of capital works - For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
Property			
Land improvements		99	73
Total land		99	73
Buildings specialised		1,156	1,534
Buildings non-specialised		-	69
Building improvements		118	21
Total buildings		1,274	1,624
Total property		1,373	1,697
Plant and equipment			
Plant, machinery and equipment		1,019	2,092
Fixtures, fittings and furniture		26	124
Computers and telecommunications		444	1,706
Paintings and exhibits		83	109
Total plant and equipment		1,572	4,031

Infrastructure			
Roads		3,365	3,899
Bridges		13	286
Footpaths and cycleways		2,790	4,613
Drainage		297	901
Recreational, leisure and community facilities		1,066	311
Parks, open space and streetscapes		8,948	335
Aerodromes		53	59
Off street car parks		179	17
Other infrastructure		94	48
Total infrastructure		16,805	10,469
Total capital works expenditure	5.2	19,750	16,197

Represented by:			
New asset expenditure		2,776	1,998
Asset renewal expenditure		13,143	13,327
Asset expansion expenditure		152	268
Asset upgrade expenditure		3,679	604
Total capital works expenditure	5.2	19,750	16,197

The above statement of capital works should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Notes to the Financial Report - For the year ended June 30, 2018

Overview

Introduction

The Warrnambool City Council was established by an Order of the Governor in Council on 20 September 1994 and is a body corporate.

The Council's main office is located at 25 Liebig Street, Warrnambool.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements are a general purpose financial report that consists of a Comprehensive Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Capital Works and Notes accompanying these financial statements. The general purpose financial report complies with the Australian Accounting Standards (AAS), other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1989, and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014.

Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The accrual basis of accounting has been used in the preparation of these financial statements, whereby assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses are recognised in the reporting period to which they relate, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Judgements, estimates and assumptions are required to be made about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated judgements are based on professional judgement derived from historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and also in future periods that are affected by the revision. Judgements and assumptions made by management in the application of AAS's that have significant effects on the financial statements and estimates relate to:

- the fair value of land, buildings, infrastructure, plant and equipment (refer to Note 5.2)

- the determination of depreciation for buildings, infrastructure, plant and equipment (refer to Note 5.2)

- the determination of employee provisions (refer to Note 4.5)

- the determination of landfill provisions (refer to Note 4.5)

Unless otherwise stated, all accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the prior year. Where appropriate, comparative figures have been amended to accord with current presentation, and disclosure has been made of any material changes to comparatives.

Note 1 Performance against budget

The performance against budget notes compare Council's financial plan, expressed through its annual budget, with actual performance.

The Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014 requires explanation of any material variances. Council has adopted a materiality threshold of the greater of 10 percent and at least \$100,000 where further explanation is warranted. Explanations have not been provided for variations below the materiality threshold unless the variance is considered to be material because of its nature.

The budget figures detailed below are those adopted by Council on 22 June 2017. The Budget was based on assumptions that were relevant at the time of adoption of the Budget. Council sets guidelines and parameters for income and expense targets in this budget in order to meet Council's planning and financial performance targets for both the short and long-term. The budget did not reflect any changes to equity resulting from asset revaluations, as their impacts were not considered predictable.

These notes are prepared to meet the requirements of the Local Government Act 1989 and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2014.

Notes to the Financial Report

Note 1.1 Income and expenditure

	Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance	Ref
	2018	2018	2018	2018	
	\$000	\$'000	\$'000	%	
Income					
Rates and charges	35,460	35,917	457	1%	
Statutory fees and fines	1,421	1,618	197	14%	1
User fees	16,022	15,390	(632)	(4%)	
Grants - operating	12,983	14,555	1,572	12%	2
Grants - capital	4,330	6,897	2,567	59%	3
Contributions - monetary	924	1,545	621	67%	4
Contributions - non monetary	4,000	1,460	(2,540)	(64%)	5
Found Assets	-	691	691	0%	6
Interest	375	242	(133)	(35%)	7
Share of net profits/(losses) of associates and joint ventures	-	22	22	0%	
Other income	350	523	173	49%	8
Total income	75,865	78,860	2,995	4%	

Expenses					
Employee costs	(31,849)	(31,886)	37	(0%)	
Materials and services	(22,172)	(26,554)	4,382	(20%)	9
Bad and doubtful debts	(77)	(129)	52	(68%)	
Depreciation	(10,500)	(12,265)	1,765	(17%)	10
Borrowing costs	(461)	(411)	(50)	11%	
Other expenses	(839)	(781)	(58)	7%	
Net loss on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	(1,147)	(810)	(337)	29%	11
Total expenses	(67,045)	(72,836)	5,791	(9%)	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	8,820	6,024	2,796	32%	

(i) Explanation of material variations							
Variance ref	Item	Explanation					
1	Statutory fees and fines	The State Government increased the town planning fees per ap- plication. Council also collected higher animal registration income following a review of registered animals.					
2	Grants - operating	Early payment of 50% of the 2018/19 grants commission funding received in June 2018.					
3	Grants - capital	Additional grants received for the Port of Warrnambool (\$307k), Flagstaff Hill (\$450k), Roads to Recovery 2018-19 allocation brought forward (\$341k) and timing on the City Centre renewal project (\$800k).					
4	Contributions - monetary	Additional contributions received from projects where Council is auspice such as Regional Cities Group (\$300k), City Centre renewal works for other organisations (\$134k) and contributions from sporting clubs for recreational projects (\$163k).					
5	Contributions - non monetary	Lower levels of developer activity occurred during the financial year.					
6	Found Assets	Found assets are recorded if they are discovered when Council completes its maintenance program. This mainly occurs with assets that are underground such as drainange and drainage pits. Council does not budget for this item.					
7	Interest	Lower levels of cash held during the year due to the timing of major projects (\$40k). Budgeted interest includes interest on out- standing rate payments of \$90k, with the actual amount classified under rates and charges.					
8	Other income	Higher levels of recoverable legal fees on collection of debts and recoverable WorkCover expenses.					
9	Materials and services	Higher levels of expensed capital works due to works on non-Council assets including drainage (belong to Water Authority), bus shelters (belong to State Government) and street trees.					
10	Depreciation	Review of condition assessments in the 2016-2017 financial year has led to a reduction in useful lives of the road assets which has increased depreciation.					
11	Net loss on disposal of property, infra- structure, plant and equipment	There was a reversal of the impaired Jubilee Park bridge which was not budgeted (\$111k) and the road rehabilitations were on assets which were closer to their end of life than initially budgeted.					



Notes to the Financial Report

Note 1 Performance against budget

NOIC I	i chomanee against budget					
1.2	Capital works	Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance	
		2018	2018	2018	2018	
		\$000	\$000	\$000	%	Ref
	Property					
	Land non specialised	300	-	(300)	(100%)	1
	Land improvements	-	99	99	100%	
	Total Land	300	99	(201)	(67%)	
	Buildings	-	1,156	1,156	0%	2
	Building improvements	1,643	118	(1,525)	(93%)	2
	Total Buildings	1,643	1,274	(369)	(22%)	
	Total Property	1,943	1,373	(570)	(29%)	
	Plant and Equipment					
	Plant, machinery and equipment	1,505	1,019	(486)	(32%)	3
	Fixtures, fittings and furniture	-	26	26	0%	
	Computers and telecommunications	305	444	139	46%	4
	Paintings and exhibits	15	83	68	453%	
	Total Plant and Equipment	1,825	1,572	(253)	(14%)	
	Infrastructure					
	Roads	5,906	3,365	(2,541)	(43%)	5
	Bridges	198	13	(185)	(93%)	6
	Footpaths and cycleways	3,920	2,790	(1,130)	(29%)	5
	Drainage	1,525	297	(1,228)	(81%)	7
	Recreational, leisure and community facilities	946	1,066	(207)	13%	8
	Parks, open space and streetscapes	999	8,948	7,949	796%	5
	Aerodromes	30	53	23	77%	
	Off street car parks	57	179	122	214%	9

		Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance		
		2018	2018	2018	2018		
Performance against budg	et	\$000	\$000	\$000	%	Ref	
Other infrastructure		310	94	(216)	(70%)	10	
Total Infrastructure		13,891	16,805	2,914	21%		
Total Capital Works Expe	nditure	17,659	19,750	2,091	12%		
Represented by:							
New asset expenditure		1,415	2,776	1,361	96%	11	
Asset renewal expenditu	re	14,919	13,143	(1,776)	(12%)	11	
Asset expansion expend	iture	-	152	152	0%	11	
Asset upgrade expenditu	ire	1,325	3,679	2,354	178%	11	
Total Capital Works Expe	nditure	17,659	19,750	2,091	12%		
planation of material variations							
Variance Ref	Item	Explanation					
1	Land non specialised	Planned land exchange for a car park constru	uction. Delay in purchasing	the land required.			
2	Buildings	Deferral of public toilet renewal into the 2018/19 financial year.					
3	Plant, machinery and equipment	Change in fleet policy reduced the turnover of	f fleet stock during the year	r.			
4	Computers and telecommunications	Finalisation of Flagstaff Hill sound and light sh	ow which was budgeted ir	n 2016.			
5	Roads / Footpaths and cycleways / Parks, open space and streetscapes	All work in progress for the City Centre renew and streetscapes' category. Initial works for ro respective category. Once the City Centre ren rect category. The City Centre renewal project which were initially budgeted in future years.	bads (\$2.75 million) and foc newal project is completed	otpaths (\$2.75 million) v all works will be valued	vere budgeted u I and classified in	nder th their c	
6	Bridges	A council decision to not proceed with the works on the Ziegler Pde bridge					
7	Drainage	A delay in the works on the Simpson Street d	A delay in the works on the Simpson Street drainage project due to a change in contractor.				
8	Recreational, leisure and community facilities	A delay in the Dennington Football Netball Club upgrade project.					
	9 Off street car parks Purchase of the new smart parking meters (\$146k) for the off-street parks were budgeted under the 'Parks, open spart and streetscapes' category.						
9	Off street car parks		140k) IOF the Off-Street part	As were budgeted und		спора	

2	Funding for the delivery of our services	2018	20 1
	Rates and charges	\$'000	\$'00
	Council uses Capital Improved Value (CIV) as the basis of valuation of all properties within the municipal district. The CIV of a property is its imputed market value.		
	The valuation base used to calculate general rates for 2017/18 was \$6.262 billion (2016/17 \$6.183 billion).		
	Residential Rates	19,077	18,4
	Municipal charge	4,356	4,2
ĺ	Waste management charge	4,747	4,3
ĺ	Commercial rates	4,608	4,4
ĺ	Vacant Land rates	920	8
[Industrial rates	1,658	1,6
	Urban farm rates	400	3
	Cultural and recreational land rates	65	
	Interest on rates and charges	86	1
-			
	Total rates and charges	35,917	34,4
	Total rates and charges The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementa- ry rates notice issued.	35,917	34,4
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementa-	35,917	34,4
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementa- ry rates notice issued.	443	
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementary rates notice issued. Statutory fees and fines		Ę
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementary rates notice issued. Statutory fees and fines	443	Ę
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementary rates notice issued. Statutory fees and fines Parking fines Animal control	443 358	34,4 5 2 2
	The date of the latest general revaluation of land for rating purposes within the municipal district was 1 January 2016, and the valuation was first applied in the rating year commencing 1 July 2016. Annual rates and charges are recognised as revenues when Council issues annual rates notices. Supplementary rates are recognised when a valuation and reassessment is completed and a supplementary rates notice issued. Statutory fees and fines Parking fines Animal control Town planning and building	443 443 358 438	5

ognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received, or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.



2.3	User fees	2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
	Property management	735	696
	Indoor aquatic centre	2,261	2,160
	Childrens services	1,976	2,074
	Multi Purpose Sports Stadium	1,139	1,123
	Cultural centres	1,316	1,439
	Regulatory control	1,588	1,468
	Tourism and promotion	1,400	1,328
	Foreshore holiday parks	2,870	2,753
	Livestock exchange	1,000	1,217
	Aged services fees	774	790
	Other fees and charges	331	239
	Total user fees	15,390	15,287
	User fees are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided or council has otherwise earned the income.		
2.4	Funding from other levels of government		
	Grants were received in respect of the following:		
	Summary of grants		
	Commonwealth funded grants	8,171	7,530
	State funded grants	13,281	13,927
	Total grants received	21,452	21,457
	(a) Operating Grants		
	Recurrent - Commonwealth Government		
	Victoria Grants Commission - Financial Assistance Grant	3,022	4,406
	Victoria Grants Commission - local roads	629	950
	Aged Services	1,710	820
	Other	85	85
	Recurrent - State Government		
	Port operations	91	195
	Employment initiatives	2	7
	Economic development	31	87
	Family and children	4,857	5,305
	Aged services	831	1,854
	Recreation	-	264
	Cultural centres	344	201
	Rural access	293	272
	Infrastructure services	151	-
	Environment initiatives	45	67
	School crossing supervision	164	116
	Pension rebate	638	622
	Other	 5	171
	Total recurrent operating grants	12,898	15,422

Notes to the Financial Report

Note 2.4 continued			
	2018	2017	
Non-recurrent - Commonwealth Government	\$'000	\$'000	
Aged Services	79	-	
Non-recurrent - State Government			
Economic development	202	12	
Family and children	341	89	
Aged services	412	106	
Recreation	90	-	
Cultural centres	109	-	
Environment initiatives	244	-	
Infrastructure	139	-	
Other	41	-	
Total non-recurrent operating grants	1,657	207	
Total operating grants	14,555	15,629	

(b) Capital Grants		
Recurrent - Commonwealth Government		
Roads to recovery	646	1,019
Total recurrent capital grants	646	1,019
Non-recurrent - Commonwealth Government		
Infrastructure services	2,000	250
Non-recurrent - State Government		
Infrastructure services	3,661	4,384
Recreation and culture	140	153
Economic development	450	22
Total non-recurrent capital grants	6,251	4,809
Total capital grants	6,897	5,828

(c) Unspent grants received on condition that they be spent in a specific manner

Balance at start of year	1,459	997
Received during the financial year and remained unspent at balance date	1,735	944
Received in prior years and spent during the financial year	(1,103)	(482)
Balance at year end	2,091	1,459

Grant income is recognised when Council obtains control of the contribution. Control is normally obtained upon receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant has been secured.



	Notes to the Financial Report			
		2018	2017	
2.5(a)	Contributions	\$'000	\$'000	
	Monetary	1,545	2,379	
	Non-monetary	1,460	4,806	
	Total contributions	3,005	7,185	
	Contributions of non monetary assets were received in relation to the following asset classes.			
	Land	112	-	
	Roads	569	2,411	
	Drainage	372	1,444	
	Footpaths and cycleways	255	627	
	Land under roads	112	230	
	Paintings and exhibits	40	11	
	Other	_	83	
	Total non-monetary contributions	1,460	4,806	
2.5(b)	Found Assets			
	Found assets were received in relation to the following asset classes			
	Bridges	-	335	
	Roads	106	11	
	Drainage	498	1,938	
	Footpaths and cycleways	87	24	
	Specialised building	-	36	
	Paintings and exhibits	-	488	
	Total found assets	691	2,832	
	Found assets are recorded if they are discovered when Council completes its maintenance pro- gram. This mainly occurs with assets that are underground such as drainage and drainage pits.			
2.6	Net gain/(loss) on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment			
	Proceeds of sale	305	711	
	Impairment gain/(loss)	111	-	
	Written down value of assets disposed			
	R.S.L Building (transfer of ownership)	-	(1,302)	
	Mortlake Rd Culvert (transfer of ownership)	-	(733)	
	Plant and equipment	(108)	(221)	
	Other	(1,118)	(920)	
	Total net gain/(loss) on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	(810)	(2,465)	
	The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has passed to the buver.			

		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
.7	Other income		
	Interest	242	299
	Infrastructure services	46	37
	Recreation and cultural programs	33	17
	Family and community	13	10
	Reimbursements	270	218
	Other Income	161	145
	Total other income	765	726
	Interest is recognised as it is earned.		
	Other income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when Council gains control over the right to receive the income.		
lote 3	The cost of delivering services		
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
.1	(a) Employee costs		
	Wages and salaries	28,318	27,868
	WorkCover	722	823
	Superannuation	2,569	2,615
	Fringe benefits tax	277	269
	Total employee costs	31,886	31,575
	(b) Superannuation		
	Council made contributions to the following funds:		
	Defined benefit fund		
	Employer contributions to Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (Vision Super)	247	259
		247	259
	Employer contributions payable at reporting date.	-	
	Accumulation funds		
	Employer contributions to Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (Vision Super)	2,311	2,343
	Employer contributions - other funds	11	13
		2,322	2,356
	Employer contributions payable at reporting date.	-	
	Refer to note 8.3 for further information relating to Council's superannuation obligations		

Refer to note 8.3 for further information relating to Council's superannuation obligations.



	WCC ANNUAL REPORT 2017-2018				
Notes to the Financial Report					
		2018	2017		
		\$'000	\$'000		
	Materials and services				
	Infrastructure services	8,277	7,385		
	Waste management	2,602	3,163		
	Recreation and cultural services	4,135	3,949		
	Children's services	983	1,167		
	Family day care	393	407		
	Corporate services	4,438	4,199		
	Tourism and promotion	2,265	2,310		
	Aged services	991	834		
	Foreshore caravan parks	772	649		
	Livestock Exchange	376	415		
	Health and local laws	858	688		
	Other	464	438		
	Total materials and services	26,554	25,604		

3.3	Depreciation		
	Property	1,986	1,962
	Plant and equipment	1,808	1,371
	Infrastructure	8,471	7,603
	Total depreciation	12,265	10,936
	Refer to note 5.2 for a more detailed breakdown of depreciation and amortisation charges and accounting policy.		
3.4	Bad and doubtful debts		
	Local Laws debtors	97	236
	Other debtors	32	23
	Total bad and doubtful debts	129	259
	Movement in provisions for doubtful debts		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	125	117
	New Provisions recognised during the year	100	125
	Amounts already provided for and written off as uncollectible	-	(117)
	Balance at end of year	225	125

Provision for doubtful debt is recognised when there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has occurred. Bad debts are written off when identified.

3.2

Notes to the Financial Report				
		2018	2017	
		\$'000	\$'000	
3.5	Borrowing costs			
	Interest - Borrowings	411	492	
	Total borrowing costs	411	492	
	Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except where they are capitalised as part of a qualifying asset constructed by Council.			
3.6	Other expenses			
	Auditors' remuneration - VAGO - audit of the financial statements, performance statement and grant acquitals	26	46	
	Auditors' remuneration - Internal	66	73	
	Councillor Allowances	265	235	
	Operating lease rentals	424	419	

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Other expenses

Total other expenses

11

784

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Note 4	Our financial position	2018	2017
4.1	Financial assets	\$'000	\$'000
	(a) Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	28	30
	Cash at bank	3,542	1,534
	Total cash and cash equivalents	3,570	1,564

(b) Other financial assets

Term deposits - current	8,000	12,000
Total other financial assets	8,000	12,000
Total financial assets	11,570	13,564

Councils cash and cash equivalents are subject to external restrictions that limit amounts available for discretionary use. These include:

- Resort and recreation reserve (Note 8.1 (b))	414	422
- Trust funds and deposits (Note 4.3(b))	761	648
Total restricted funds	1,175	1,070
Total unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	2,395	494

Intended allocations

Although not externally restricted the following amounts have been allocated for specific future purposes by Council:

- Cash held to fund carried forward capital works	3,981	4,581
Total funds subject to intended allocations	3,981	4,581

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits at call, and other highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Other financial assets are valued at fair value, at balance date. Term deposits are measured at original cost. Any unrealised gains and losses on holdings at balance date are recognised as either a revenue or expense.

		2018	2017
	(c) Trade and other receivables	\$'000	\$'000
	Current		
	Statutory receivables		
	Rates debtors	760	933
	Infringement debtors	327	227
	Provision for doubtful debts	(190)	(110)
	Non statutory receivables		
	Development and buildings	177	39
	Animals	32	21
	Child care	47	52
[TAFE	63	60
ſ	Fire Service Levy	5	6
	Other debtors	1,260	2,423
	Provision for doubtful debts	(35)	(15)
	Loans and advances to community organisations	56	90
	GST receivable	363	532
	Total current trade and other receivables	2,865	4,258
	Non-current		
	Non statutory receivables		
	Loans and advances to community organisations	24	87
	Total non-current trade and other receivables	24	87
	Total trade and other receivables	2,889	4,345
	Short term receivables are carried at invoice amount. A provision for doubtful debts is recognised when there is objective evidence that an impairment has occurred. Long term receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.		
	Ageing of Receivables		
	The ageing of the Council's trade & other receivables (excluding statutory receivables) that are not impaired was:		
	Current (not yet due)	1,436	2,940
[Past due by up to 30 days	165	40
	Past due between 31 and 180 days	145	84
	Past due between 181 and 365 days	115	44
	Past due by more than 1 year	107	100

3,208

	Notes to the Financial Report		
4.2	Non-financial assets	2018	2017
	(a) Inventories	\$'000	\$'000
	Inventories held for distribution	71	73
	Inventories held for sale	104	107
	Total inventories	175	180
	Inventories held for distribution are measured at cost, adjusted when applicable for any loss of service potential. All other inventories, including land held for sale, are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Where inventories are acquired for no cost or nominal consideration, they are measured at current replacement cost at the date of acquisition.		
	(b) Other assets		
	Prepayments	906	304
	Accrued income	355	434
	Total other assets	1,261	738
4.3	Payables		
	(a) Trade and other payables		
	Trade payables	924	930
	GST payable	88	137
	Accrued expenses	2,696	3,191
	Fire service levy liability	93	131
	Total trade and other payables	3,801	4,389
	(b) Trust funds and deposits		
	Refundable developer deposits	570	542
	Contract retention amounts	20	-
	Other refundable deposits	171	106
	Total trust funds and deposits	761	648
	Amounts received as deposits and retention amounts controlled by Council are recognised as trust funds until they are returned, transferred in accordance with the purpose of the receipt, or forfeited. Trust funds that are forfeited, resulting in council gaining control of the funds, are to be recognised as revenue at the time of forfeit.		
	Purpose and nature of items		
	Refundable deposits - Deposits are taken by council as a form of surety in a number of circumstances, including in relation to building works, tender deposits, contract deposits and the use of civic facilities.		
	Fire Service Levy - Council is the collection agent for fire services levy on behalf of the State Gov- ernment. Council remits amounts received on a quarterly basis. Amounts disclosed here will be remitted to the State Government in line with that process.		
	Retention Amounts - Council has a contractual right to retain certain amounts until a contractor has met certain requirements or a related warrant or defect period has elapsed. Subject to the satisfactory completion of the contractual obligations, or the elapsing of time, these amounts will be paid to the relevant contractor in line with Council's contractual obligations.		

4.

Interest-bearing liabilities	2018 \$'000 1,542 1,542	2017 \$'000 1,835 1,835
	\$'000 1,542	\$'000 1,835
	1,542	1,835
Borrowings - secured (1)		
	1,542	1 835
		1,000
Non-current		
Borrowings - secured (1)	4,537	6,079
	4,537	6,079
Total	6,079	7,914
(1) Borrowings are secured by Council's rate revenue		
(a) The maturity profile for Council's borrowings is:		
Not later than one year	1,542	1,835
Later than one year and not later than five years	4,537	4,623
Later than five years	-	1,456
	6,079	7,914

Borrowings are initially measured at fair value, being the cost of the interest bearing liabilities, net of transaction costs. The measurement basis subsequent to initial recognition depends on whether the Council has categorised its interest-bearing liabilities as either financial liabilities designated at fair value through the profit and loss, or financial liabilities at amortised cost. Any difference between the initial recognised amount and the redemption value is recognised in net result over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method.

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the interest bearing liabilities. The Council determines the classification of its interest bearing liabilities at initial recognition.



4.5	Provisions			
		Employee	Landfill restoration	Total
	2018	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$ '000
	Balance at beginning of the financial year	6,631	864	7,495
	Additional provisions	575	-	575
	Amounts used	(804)	(80)	(884)
	Change in the discounted amount arising because of time and the effect of any change in the discount rate	619	20	639
	Balance at the end of the financial year	7,021	804	7,825

	Employee	Landfill restoration	Total
2017	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$ '000
Balance at beginning of the financial year	6,237	-	6,237
Additional provisions	684	864	1,548
Amounts used	(942)	-	(942)
Change in the discounted amount arising because of time and the effect of any change in the discount rate	652	-	652
Balance at the end of the financial year	6,631	864	7,495

	I		
Note 4.5 cont'		2018	2017
	(a) Employee provisions	\$'000	\$'000
	Current provisions expected to be wholly settled within 12 months		
	Annual leave	1,797	1,901
	Long service leave	456	468
		2,252	2,369
	Current provisions expected to be wholly settled after 12 months		
	Annual leave	506	221
	Long service leave	3,765	3,456
		4,272	3,677
	Total current employee provisions	6,524	6,046
	Non-current		
	Long service leave	497	586
	Total non-current employee provisions	497	586
	Aggregate carrying amount of employee provisions:		
	Current	6,524	6,046
	Non-current	497	586
	Total aggregate carrying amount of employee provisions	7,021	6,632

The calculation of employee costs and benefits includes all relevant on-costs and are calculated as follows at reporting date.

Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulated sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the provision for employee benefits in respect of employee services up to the reporting date, classified as current liabilities and measured at their nominal values.

Liabilities that are not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the provision for employee benefits as current liabilities, measured at the present value of the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.



Long service leave

Liability for long service leave (LSL) is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. LSL is measured at present value. Unconditional LSL is disclosed as a current liability. Conditional LSL that has been accrued, where an employee is yet to reach a qualifying term of employment, is disclosed as a non-current liability.

Key assumptions:	2018	2017
- on-cost rate	11.270%	11.590%
- wage inflation rate	3.875%	4.125%
- discount rate	2.647%	1.990%

	2018	2017
(b) Landfill rehabilitation provision	\$'000	\$'000
Current	80	80
Non-current	724	784
	804	864

Council is obligated to rehabilitate Watson Street landfill to a particular standard. The forecast life of the site is based on current requirements to monitor and provide after-care rehabilitation of the site. The provision for landfill restoration has been calculated based on the present value of the expected cost of works to be undertaken. The expected cost of works has been estimated based on current understanding of work required to rehabilitate and monitor the site to a particular standard. Accordingly, the estimation of the provision required is dependent on the accuracy of the forecast timing of the work, work required and related costs.

Key assumptions:	2018	2017
- rehabilitation years	30	30
- remaining rehabilitated years	11	12
- inflation rate	2.0%	2.0%
4.6 Financing arrangements		
The Council has the following funding arrangements in place as at 30 June 2018		
Bank overdraft	200	200
Credit card facilities	150	150
Total facilities	350	350
l lsed facilities	8/	_

Used facilities	84	-
Unused facilities	266	350

Notes to the Financial Report

4.7 Commitments

The Council has entered into the following commitments. Commitments are not recognised in the Balance Sheet and are disclosed at their nominal value and presented inclusive of the GST payable.

2018	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years	Later than 2 years and not later than 5 years	Later than 5 years	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating					
Recycling collection	402	-	-	-	402
Waste collection	830	-	-	-	830
Transactional banking	88	90	15	-	194
Cleaning services	333	71	18	-	422
Security Services	128	-	-	-	128
Parking Services	83	85	43	-	211
Animal Services	110	-	-	-	110
Internal Audit	51	-	-	-	51
Meals for delivery	134	-	-	-	134
Total	2,160	246	77	-	2,482
Capital					
Information Technology	50	-	-	-	50
Infrastructure	185	-	-	-	185
Roads & Paths	1,947	-	-	-	1,947
Drainage	1,379	-	-	-	1,379
Total	3,561	-		-	3,561

Notes to the Financial Report					
2017	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years	Later than 2 years and not later than 5 years	Later than 5 years	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating					
Recycling	387	395	-	-	782
Waste collection	799	815	-	-	1,614
Transactional banking	14	-	-	-	14
Cleaning services	256	261	-	-	517
Security services	126	128	-	-	254
Internal audit	24	-	-	-	24
Meals for delivery	190	194	-	-	384
Total	1,796	1,793	-	-	3,589
Capital					
Information Technology	257	-	-	-	257
Infrastructure	185	-	-	-	185
Roads	4,251	-	-	-	4,251
Drainage	771	-	-	-	771
Total	5,464	-	-	-	5,464

Notes to the Financial Report						
	2018	2017				
Operating lease commitments	\$'000	\$'000				
At the reporting date, the Council had the following obligations under non-cancellable operating leases for the lease of equipment and land and build- ings for use within Council's activities (these obligations are not recognised as liabilities):						
Not later than one year	332	400				
Later than one year and not later than five years	672	812				
Later than five years	-	-				
	1,004	1,212				

Lease payments for operating leases are required by the accounting standard to be recognised on a straight line basis, rather than expensed in the years in which they are incurred.

Note 5	Assets we manage		
5.1	Non-current assets classified as held for sale		
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
	Cost of acquisition	204	-
	Accumulated depreciation	(20)	-

	•	Total non-current assets classified as held for sale	184	-	
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Non-current assets classified as held for sale (including disposal groups) are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal, and are not subject to depreciation. Non-current assets, disposal groups and related liabilities and assets are treated as current and classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset's sale (or disposal group sale) is expected to be completed within 12 months from the date of classification.

	Notes to the Financial Report									
	rastructure, plant and equip , infrastructure, plant and e	_								
	At Fair Value 30 June 2017	Additions	Contributions	Found Assets	Revaluation	Depreciation	Disposal	Write-off	Transfers	At Fair Value 30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land	161,491	99	224	-	-	(24)	-	-	-	161,790
Buildings	134,223	1,182	-	-	-	(1,962)	-	-	7	133,450
Plant and equip- ment	21,501	1,572	42	-	-	(1,808)	(108)	-	192	21,391
Infrastructure	344,241	9,662	1,196	691	(19,530)	(8,471)	(1,119)	111	2,875	329,656
Work in progress	5,638	7,235	-	-	-	-	-	(1,569)	(3,258)	8,046
Total	667,094	19,750	1,462	691	(19,530)	(12,265)	(1,227)	(1,458)	(184)	654,333

Summary of Work in Progress	Opening WIP	Additions	Write-off	Transfers	Closing WIP
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Buildings	217	326	(104)	(7)	432
Plant and equip- ment	163	29	-	(192)	-
Infrastructure	5,257	6,880	(1,465)	(3,059)	7,613
Total	5,637	7,235	(1,569)	(3,258)	8,045

Notes to the Financial Report										
Asset recognition thresholds and depreciation periods										
	Depreciation Period	Threshold Limit								
		\$'000								
Land & land improvements										
land	n/a	0								
land improvements	20 - 200 years	5								
Buildings										
buildings	30 - 100 years	5								
building improvements	25 - 60 years	1								
leasehold improvements	10 - 20 years	1								
Plant and Equipment										
plant, machinery and equipment	3 - 40 years	1								
fixtures, fittings and furniture	2 - 25 years	1								
computers and telecommunications	5 - 20 years	1								
paintings and exhibitions	n/a	0								
Infrastructure										
roads	16 - 200 years	5								
bridges	30 - 200 years	5								
footpaths and cycleways	15 - 65 years	5								
drainage	20 - 200 years	1								
recreational, leisure and community facilities	20 - 80 years	1								
parks, open spaces and streetscapes	15 - 80 years	5								
off street car parks	16 - 200 years	5								
aerodromes	16 - 100 years	1								
other infrastructure	20 - 60 years	5								
Notes to the Financial Report										
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(a) Land and Buildings	Land - specialised	Land - non specialised	Land improvements	Total Land & Land Improvements	Buildings - specialised	Buildings - non specialised	Building improvements	Total Buildings	Work In Progress	Total Land and Buildings
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At fair value 1 July 2017	158,204	2,726	896	161,826	148,748	3,065	785	152,598	217	314,641
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2017	-	-	(335)	(335)	(18,135)	(39)	(201)	(18,375)	-	(18,710)
	158,204	2,726	561	161,491	130,613	3,026	584	134,223	217	295,931
Movements in fair value										
Additions	-	-	99	99	1,064	-	118	1,182	326	1,607
Non-cash contributed assets	224	-	-	224	-	-	-	-	-	224
Found Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	7	(7)	-
Work in progress expensed through operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(104)	(104)
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	224	-	99	323	1,071	-	118	1,189	215	1,727
Movements in accumulated depreciation										
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	(24)	(24)	(1,898)	(39)	(25)	(1,962)	-	(1,986)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(24)	(24)	(1,898)	(39)	(25)	(1,962)	-	(1,986)
At fair value 30 June 2018	158,428	2,726	995	162,149	149,819	3,065	903	153,787	432	316,368
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2018	-	-	(359)	(359)	(20,033)	(78)	(226)	(20,337)	-	(20,696)
	158,428	2,726	636	161,790	129,786	2,987	677	133,450	432	295,672

Notes to the Financial Report						
(b) Plant and Equipment						
	Plant machinery and equipment	Fixtures fittings and furniture	Computers and tele- comms	Paintings and exhibits	Work in Progress	Total plant and equipment
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At fair value 1 July 2017	9,099	5,630	5,747	11,576	163	32,215
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2017	(4,490)	(4,475)	(1,586)	-	-	(10,551)
	4,609	1,155	4,161	11,576	163	21,664
Movements in fair value						
Additions	1,019	26	444	83	29	1,601
Non-cash contributed assets	2	-	-	40	-	42
Found Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal	(991)	-	(19)	-	-	(1,010)
Transfers	-	-	192	-	(192)	-
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	26	617	123	(163)	633
Movements in accumulated depreciation						
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,054)	(104)	(650)	-	-	(1,808)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	883	-	19	-	-	902
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(171)	(104)	(631)	-	-	(906)
At fair value 30 June 2018	9,129	5,656	6,364	11,699	-	32,848
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2018	(4,661)	(4,579)	(2,217)	-	-	(11,457)
	4,468	1,077	4,147	11,699	-	21,391

Notes to the Financial Report											
(c) Infrastructure											
	Roads	Bridges	Footpaths and cycleways	Drainage	Recreational, leisure and community	Parks open spaces and streetscapes	Aerodromes	Off street car parks	Other Infra- structure	Work In Progress	Total Infra- structure
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At fair value 1 July 2017	252,161	32,506	47,883	79,980	5,489	9,986	9,959	13,869	7,674	5,258	464,765
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2017	(46,184)	(9,976)	(20,649)	(21,614)	(3,930)	(5,503)	(1,367)	(2,697)	(3,346)	-	(115,266)
	205,977	22,530	27,234	58,366	1,559	4,483	8,592	11,172	4,328	5,258	349,499
Movements in fair value											
Additions	3,324	13	2,604	128	739	2,587	53	166	48	6,880	16,542
Non-cash contributed assets	569	-	255	372	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,196
Found Assets	-	-	87	498	106	-	-	-	-	-	691
Revaluation increment / (decrement)	(8,708)	-	494	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	(8,136)
Disposal	(3,160)	-	(96)	(40)	(6)	(16)	-	(50)	(17)	-	(3,385)
Transfers	2,058	-	227	453	-	315	-	(204)	6	(3,059)	(204)
Work in progress expensed through operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,465)	(1,465)
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(5,917)	13	3,571	1,411	917	2,886	53	(88)	37	2,356	5,239
Movements in accumulated depreciation											
Depreciation and amortisation	(4,860)	(349)	(1,082)	(798)	(189)	(370)	(219)	(426)	(178)	-	(8,471)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	2,184	-	8	15	-	16	-	39	4	-	2,266
Revaluation increment / (decrement)	(11,134)	-	(207)	-	(53)	-	-	-	-	-	(11,394)
Impairment losses recognised in operating result	-	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111
Transfers	146	-	92	-	(28)	348	-	20	(558)	-	20
	(13,664)	(238)	(1,189)	(783)	(270)	(6)	(219)	(367)	(732)	-	(17,468)
At fair value 30 June 2018	246,244	32,519	51,454	81,391	6,406	12,872	10,012	13,781	7,711	7,614	470,004
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2018	(59,848)	(10,214)	(21,838)	(22,397)	(4,200)	(5,509)	(1,586)	(3,064)	(4,078)	-	(132,734)
	186,396	22,305	29,616	58,994	2,206	7,363	8,426	10,717	3,633	7,614	337,270

Acquisition

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets, being the fair value of assets provided as consideration at the date of acquisition plus any incidental costs attributable to the acquisition. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Where assets are constructed by Council, cost includes all materials used in construction, direct labour, borrowing costs incurred during construction, and an appropriate share of directly attributable variable and fixed overheads.

In accordance with Council's policy, the threshold limits have been applied when recognising assets within an applicable asset class and unless otherwise stated are consistent with the prior year.

Land under roads

Council recognises land under roads it controls at fair value from 1 January 2008.

Depreciation and amortisation

Buildings, land improvements, plant and equipment, infrastructure, and other assets having limited useful lives are systematically depreciated over their useful lives to the Council in a manner which reflects consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets. Estimates of remaining useful lives and residual values are made on a regular basis with major asset classes reassessed annually. Depreciation rates and methods are reviewed annually.

Where assets have separate identifiable components that are subject to regular replacement, these components are assigned distinct useful lives and residual values and a separate depreciation rate is determined for each component.

Road earthworks are not depreciated on the basis that they are assessed as not having a limited useful life.

Land and Artworks are not depreciated

Straight line depreciation is charged based on the residual useful life as determined each year.

Depreciation periods used are listed below and are consistent with the prior year unless otherwise stated.

Repairs and maintenance

Where the repair relates to the replacement of a component of an asset and the cost exceeds the capitalisation threshold the cost is capitalised and depreciated. The carrying value of the replaced asset is expensed.

Valuation of land and buildings

Valuation of land and buildings were undertaken by a qualified independent valuer SPM Consultants, in consultation with Mr John Finnerty Adv.Dip.Man, Coordinator Strategic Asset Management with Warrnambool City Council. The valuation of land and buildings is at fair value, being market value based on highest and best use permitted by relevant land planning provisions. Where land use is restricted through existing planning provisions the valuation is reduced to reflect this limitation. This adjustment is an unobservable input in the valuation. The adjustment has no impact on the comprehensive income statement.

Non-specialised buildings were professionally valued in 2016. The current valuation of specialised buildings is based on a component level condition assessment and depreciated replacement cost, based on information by SPM Consultants who were engaged by Warrnambool City Council.

Specialised land is valued at fair value using site values adjusted for englobo (undeveloped and/or unserviced) characteristics, access rights and private interests of other parties and entitlements of infrastructure assets and services. This adjustment is an unobservable input in the valuation. The adjustment has no impact on the comprehensive income statement.

The date of the current valuation is detailed in the following table.

Details of the Council's land and buildings and information about the fair va	alue hierarchy as at 30 June 2018 are as follows:
---	---

	Level 1	Level2	Level 3	Date of Valuation
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Land - non specialised	-	2,726	-	30/06/2015
Land - specialised	-	-	158,428	30/06/2015
Land Improvements	-	-	636	30/06/2015
Buildings - non specialised	-	2,987	-	30/06/2016
Buildings - specialised	-	-	129,786	1/01/2018
Building improvements	-	-	677	1/01/2018
Total	-	5,713	289,527	

Valuation of infrastructure

Valuation of infrastructure assets was performed by Mr John Finnerty Adv.Dip.Man, Coordinator Strategic Asset Management with Warrnambool City Council.

The date of the current valuation is detailed in the following table.

The valuation is at fair value based on replacement cost less accumulated depreciation as at the date of valuation.

Details of the Council's infrastructure and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2018 are as follows:

	Level 1	Level2	Level 3	Date of Valuation
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Roads	-	-	186,396	1/01/2018
Bridges	-	-	22,305	1/01/2018
Footpaths and cycleways	-	-	29,616	1/01/2018
Drainage	-	-	58,994	1/07/2017
Recereational, leisure and community facilities	-	-	2,206	1/07/2017
Parks, open space and streetscapes	-	-	7,363	1/01/2018
Aerodromes	-	-	8,426	30/06/2017
Off street car parks	-	-	10,717	30/06/2017
Other infrastructure		-	3,633	1/07/2017
Total	-		329,656	

Description of significant unobservable inputs into level 3 valuations

Specialised land and land under roads is valued using a market based direct comparison technique. Significant unobservable inputs include the extent and impact of restriction of use and the market cost of land per square metre. The extent and impact of restrictions on use varies and results in a reduction to surrounding land values between 70% and 95%. The market value of land varies significantly depending on the location of the land and the current market conditions. Currently land values range between \$0.12 and \$939 per square metre.

Specialised buildings are valued using a depreciated replacement cost technique. Significant unobservable inputs include the current replacement cost and remaining useful lives of buildings. Current replacement cost is calculated on a square metre basis and ranges from \$258 to \$3,905 per square metre. The remaining useful lives of buildings are determined on the basis of the current condition of buildings and vary from 10 years to 100 years. Replacement cost is sensitive to changes in market conditions, with any increase or decrease in cost flowing through to the valuation. Useful lives of buildings are sensitive to changes in expectations or requirements that could either shorten or extend the useful lives of buildings.

Infrastructure assets are valued based on the depreciated replacement cost. Significant unobservable inputs include the current replacement cost and remaining useful lives of infrastructure assets are determined on the basis of the current condition of the asset and vary from 1 years to 200 years. Replacement cost is sensitive to changes in market conditions, with any increase or decrease in cost flowing through to the valuation. Useful lives of infrastructure are sensitive to changes in use, expectations or requirements that could either shorten or extend the useful lives of infrastructure assets.

	2018	2017
Reconciliation of specialised land	\$'000	\$'000
Land under roads	3,486	3,374
Crown land	75,144	75,144
Council freehold land	79,798	79,686
Total specialised land	158,428	158,204

5.3

Notes to the Financial Report		
	2018	2017
Investments in associates	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Investments in associates		
Investments in associates accounted for by the equity method are:		
- Corangamite Regional Library Corporation	569	552
 Corangamite Regional Library Corporation		
Background		
Warrnambool City Council in conjunction with Colac Otway Shire, Corangamite Shire and Moyne Shire have an interest in the Corangamite Regional Library Corporation. The Library Corporation services much of the population of the South West Victoria and Warrnambool City Council currently has a 38.91% equity interest (39.4% in 2016/17)		
Fair value of Council's investment in Corangamite Regional Library Corporation	569	552
Council's share of accumulated surplus/(deficit)		
Council's share of accumulated surplus/(deficit) at start of year	422	(213)
Reported surplus/(deficit) for year	22	53
Transfers (to) / from reserves	(15)	576
Movement in equity share	(5)	6
Council's share of accumulated surplus/(deficit) at end of year	424	422
Council's share of reserves		
Council's share of reserves at start of year	130	706
Transfers (to) from reserves	15	(576)
Council's share of reserves at end of year	145	130
Movement in carrying value of specific investment		
Carrying value of investment at start of year	552	493
Share of surplus(deficit) for year	22	53
Share of asset revaluation	-	-
Distributions received	-	-

Associates are all entities over which Council has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.



Movement in equity share

Carrying value of investment at end of year

6

552

(5)

569

(b) Committees of management

Port of Warrnambool

The Council is the Committee of Management for the Port of Warrnambool. The financial transactions have been included in Council's financial statements and are summarised below:

	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Income		
Grants - operating	91	89
User fees	5	6
Grants - capital	307	107
Total Income	403	202
Expenditure		
Materials and Services	90	178
Capital expenditure	170	96
Total Expenditure	260	274
Profit / (Loss)	143	(72)

The operation of the Port of Warrnambool is by an agreement between Warranambool City Council and the Department of Transport. Any assets are returnable on cessation of the agreement.

Note 6 People and relationships 6.1 **Council and key management remuneration**

(a) Related Parties

Parent entity Warrnambool City Council is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries and Associates Interests in associates are detailed in Note 5.3.

(b) Key Management Personnel

Details of persons holding the position of Councillor or other members of key management personnel at any time during the year are:

Councillors Councillor Robert Anderson (Mayor - from 30 October 2017) Councillor Kylie Gaston (Mayor from 1 July 2017 to 30 October 2017) Councillor Sue Cassidy Councillor Tony Herbert Councillor Peter Hulin Councillor Michael Neoh Councillor David Owen

Chief Executive Officer	Mr Bruce Anson
Key Management Personnel	Director Community Development Ms Vikki King
	Director City Infrastructure Mr Scott Cavanagh
	Director Corporate Strategies Mr Peter Utri
	Director City Growth Mr Andrew Paton

	2018	2017
	No.	No.
Total Number of Councillors	7	11
Chief Executive Officer and other Key Management Personnel	5	5
Total Key Management Personnel	12	16
(c) Remuneration of Key Management Personnel	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000

Total remuneration of key management personnel was as follows:

Short-term benefits	1,589	1,379
Long-term benefits	190	343
Total	1,779	1,722
The numbers of key management personnel whose total remuneration from Council and any related entities, fall within the following bands:	2018 No.	2017 No.
\$1 - \$9,999	-	4
\$10,000 - \$19,999	-	4
\$20,000 - \$29,999	5	2
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1	-
\$60,000 - \$69,999	1	-
\$70,000 - \$79,999	-	1
\$190,000 - \$199,999	3	4
\$200,000 - \$209,999	1	-
\$300,000 - \$309,999	-	1
\$310,000 - \$319,999	1	-
Total number	12	16



(d) Senior Officer Remuneration

A Senior Officer is an officer of Council,other than Key Management Personnel, who: a) has management responsibilities and reports directly to the Chief Executive; or b) whose total annual remuneration exceeds \$145,000

The number of Senior Officers are shown below in their relevant income bands:

	2018	2017
Income Range:	No.	No.
\$ 30,000 - \$ 35,999	1	-
\$130,000 - \$135,999	1	-
\$140,000 - \$145,999	-	1
\$145,000 - \$149,999	-	-
\$150,000 - \$159,999	1	1
	3	2



6.2 Related party disclosure

(a) Transactions with related parties

During the period Council entered into the following transactions with related parties.

Councillor	Related Party	Nature of relationship	Terms and Conditions	Nature of Transactions	Aggregate Total \$'000
Cr Cassidy	The Cassign Trust trading as Cassign	Spouse Controlled Entity	Commercial	Supply and installation of signage	47
Cr Cassidy	Rotary Club of Warmambool	Board Member	Commercial	Contributions to Rotary Club of Warrnambool - Daybreak programs	4
Cr Cassidy / Mr Paton	Lyndoch Living Warrnambool	Board Member	Commercial	Aged Care services	51
Cr Herbert	Bellagio Properties Pty Ltd	Director	Commercial	Developer contribution payment	(49)
Cr Neoh	South West Sport	Executive Officer	Commercial	Training workshops and contributions to community clubs	2
Cr Neoh	South West Sport	Executive Officer	Commercial	Rental of venues	(3)
Cr Owen	Warmambool Surf Lifesaving Club	Committee Member	Commercial	Contributions and support to the Warrnambool Surf Life Saving Club	21
Cr Owen	Warrnambool Surf Lifesaving Club	Committee Member	Commercial	Lease and expenses of Council site	(6)
Mr Paton	Great Ocean Road Regional Tourism Limited	Board Member	Commercial	Contribution to Regional Tourism Board	206
Mr Paton	Great Ocean Road Regional Tourism Limited	Board Member	Commercial	Project funding	(18)

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties

Councillor	Related Party	Nature of relationship	Terms and Conditions	Nature of Transaction	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Cr Herbert	Motang Park Pty Ltd	Director	Commercial	Developer contribution payments	0	(72)
Cr Herbert	Bellagio Properties Pty Ltd	Director	Commercial	Developer contribution payments	(49)	0
Cr Owen	Warrnambool Surf Lifesaving Club	Committee Member	Commercial	Lease and expenses of Council site	(1)	0
Cr Neoh	South West Sport	Executive Officer	Commercial	Rental of venues	(2)	0

(c) Loans to/from related parties

The aggregate amount of loans in existence at balance date that have been made, guaranteed or secured by the council to a related party as follows:



The aggregate amount of commitments in existence at balance date that have been made, guaranteed or secured by the council to a related party are as follows:

2017	2018
\$'000	\$'000



2018	2017
\$'000	\$'000



Note 7 Managing uncertainties

7.1 Contingent assets and liabilities

(a) Contingent assets

Construction of infrastructure assets by developers in the course of creating new subdivisions results in the infrastructure assets being vested in Council when Council issues a Statement of Compliance.

At reporting date, developers had commenced construction of assets that will eventually be transferred to Council contingent upon Council issuing a Statement of Compliance.

Due to the nature of the arrangments in place and the assets involved, a contingent asset amount cannot be reliably measured prior to completion.

(b) Contingent liabilities

Superannuation

Council has obligations under a defined benefit superannuation scheme that may result in the need to make additional contributions to the scheme, matters relating to this potential obligation are outlined below. As a result of the volatility in financial markets the likelihood of making such contributions in future periods exists.

(c) Guarantees for loans to other entities

The amount disclosed for financial guarantee in this note is the nominal amount of the underlying loan that is guaranteed by the Council, not the fair value of the financial guarantee.

Financial guarantee contracts are not recognised as a liability in the balance sheet unless the lender has exercised their right to call on the guarantee or Council has other reasons to believe that it is probable that the right will be exercised. The Council acts as guarantor in respect of bank loans provided to the following clubs and community groups:

		Balance of borrowings	
Entity and Institution	Original Loan	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
City Memorials Bowls Club - Commonwealth Bank	2,000	5	7
Warrnambool Returned Services Club - Common- wealth Bank	3,351	2,952	2,634
Warrnambool Football Club - Commonwealth Bank	800	793	-

7.2 Change in accounting standards

The following new AAS's have been issued that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2018 reporting period. Council has assessed these pending standards and has identified the following potential impacts will flow from the application of these standards in future reporting periods.

Financial Instruments - Disclosures (AASB 7) (applies 2018/19)

This Standard requires entities to provide disclosures in their financial statements that enable users to evaluate: (a) the significance of financial instruments for the entity's financial position and performance; and (b) the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed.

Financial Instruments (AASB 9) (applies 2018/19)

The key changes include the simplified requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, a new hedging accounting model and a revised impairment loss model to recognise impairment losses earlier, as opposed to the current approach that recognises impairment only when incurred.

Revenue from contracts with customers (AASB 15) (applies 2019/20 for LG sector)

The standard shifts the focus from the transaction-level to a contract-based approach. Recognition is determined based on what the customer expects to be entitled to (rights and obligations), while measurement encompasses estimation by the entity of the amount expected to be entitled for performing under the contract. The full impact of this standard is not known however it is most likely to impact where contracts extend over time, where there are rights and obligations that may vary the timing or amount of the consideration, or where there are multiple performance elements. This has the potential to impact on the recognition of certain grant income.



Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferral of AASB 15 for Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 2016-7) (applies 2019/20)

This Standard defers the mandatory effective date of AASB 15 for not-for-profit entities from 1 January 2018 to 1 January 2019.

Leases (AASB 16) (applies 2019/20)

The classification of leases as either finance leases or operating leases is eliminated for lessees. Leases will be recognised in the Balance Sheet by capitalising the present value of the minimum lease payments and showing a 'right-of-use' asset, while future lease payments will be recognised as a financial liability. The nature of the expense recognised in the profit or loss will change. Rather than being shown as rent, or as leasing costs, it will be recognised as depreciation on the 'right-of-use' asset, and an interest charge on the lease liability. The interest charge will be calculated using the effective interest method, which will result in a gradual reduction of interest expense over the lease term.

Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) (applies 2019/20)

This standard replaces AASB 1004 Contributions and establishes revenue recognition principles for transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than fair value to enable to not-for-profit entity to further its objectives.

7.3 Financial instruments

(a) Objectives and policies

The Council's principal financial instruments comprise cash assets, term deposits, receivables (excluding statutory receivables), payables (excluding statutory payables) and bank borrowings. Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument is disclosed in the Notes of the financial statements. Risk management is carried out by senior management under policies approved by the Council. These policies include identification and analysis of the risk exposure to Council and appropriate procedures, controls and risk minimisation.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of council financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Council's exposure to market risk is primarily through interest rate risk with only insignificant exposure to other price risks and no exposure to foreign currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Council's interest rate liability risk arises primarily from long term loans and borrowings at fixed rates which exposes council to fair value interest rate risk. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has minimal exposure to cash flow interest rate risk through its cash and deposits that are at floating rates.

Investment of surplus funds is made with approved financial institutions under the Local Government Act 1989. Council manages interest rate risk by adopting an investment policy that ensures:

- diversification of investment product;
- monitoring of return on investment; and
- benchmarking of returns and comparison with budget.

There has been no significant change in the Council's exposure, or its objectives, policies and processes for managing interest rate risk or the methods used to measure this risk from the previous reporting period.

Interest rate movements have not been sufficiently significant during the year to have an impact on the Council's year end result.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument and cause Council to make a financial loss. Council have exposure to credit risk on some financial assets included in the balance sheet. To help manage this risk:

- council may require collateral where appropriate; and
- council only invest surplus funds with financial institutions which have a recognised credit rating specified in council's investment policy.

Receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across the ratepayer, business and government sectors. Credit risk associated with the Council's financial assets is minimal because the main debtor is secured by a charge over the rateable property.

There are no material financial assets which are individually determined to be impaired.

Council may also be subject to credit risk for transactions which are not included in the balance sheet, such as when Council provide a guarantee for another party. Details of our contingent liabilities are disclosed in Note 7.1(b).

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements. Council does not hold any collateral.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of council's operational liquidity requirements it will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction when required or will be forced to sell a financial asset at below value or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset.

To help reduce these risks Council:

- have readily accessible standby facilities and other funding arrangements in place;
- have a liquidity portfolio structure that requires surplus funds to be invested within various liquid instruments, such as term deposits and at call accounts;
- monitor budget to actual performance on a regular basis; and
- set limits on borrowings relating to the percentage of loans to rate revenue and percentage of loan principal repayments to rate revenue.

The Council's maximum exposure to liquidity risk is the carrying amounts of financial liabilities as disclosed on the face of the balance sheet and the amounts related to financial guarantees disclosed in Note 7.1(c), and is deemed insignificant based on prior periods' data and current assessment of risk.

There has been no significant change in Council's exposure, or its objectives, policies and processes for managing liquidity risk or the methods used to measure this risk from the previous reporting period.

With the exception of borrowings, all financial liabilities are expected to be settled within normal terms of trade. Details of the maturity profile for borrowings are disclosed at Note 4.4.

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

(e) Sensitivity disclosure analysis

Taking into account past performance, future expectations, economic forecasts, and management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, Council believes the following movements are 'reasonably possible' over the next 12 months:

• A parallel shift of + 1% and -1% in market interest rates (AUD) from year-end rates of 1.5%.

These movements will not have a material impact on the valuation of Council's financial assets and liabilities, nor will they have a material impact on the results of Council's operations.

7.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value hierarchy

Council's financial assets and liabilities are not valued in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Council's financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Council measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value where required or permitted by Australian Accounting Standards. AASB 13 Fair value measurement, aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across Australian Accounting Standards.

AASB 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value under AASB 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within a fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities



Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, Council has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

In addition, Council determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Revaluation

Subsequent to the initial recognition of assets, non-current physical assets, other than plant and equipment, are measured at their fair value, being the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. At balance date, the Council reviewed the carrying value of the individual classes of assets measured at fair value to ensure that each asset materially approximated its fair value. Where the carrying value materially differed from the fair value at balance date, the class of asset was revalued.

Fair value valuations are determined in accordance with a valuation hierarchy. Changes to the valuation hierarchy will only occur if an external change in the restrictions or limitations of use of an asset result in changes to the permissible or practical highest and best use of the asset. In addition, Council undertakes a formal revaluation of land, buildings, and in-frastructure assets on a regular basis ranging from 1 to 4 years. The valuation is performed either by experienced council officers or independent experts.

Where the assets are revalued, the revaluation increments are credited directly to the asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that an increment reverses a prior year decrement for that class of asset that had been recognised as an expense in which case the increment is recognised as revenue up to the amount of the expense. Revaluation decrements are recognised as an expense except where prior increments are included in the asset revaluation reserve for that class of asset in which case the decrement is taken to the reserve to the extent of the remaining increments. Within the same class of assets, revaluation increments and decrements within the year are offset.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Council reviews the carrying value of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, is compared to the assets carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the comprehensive income statement, unless the asset is carried at the revalued amount in which case, the impairment loss is recognised directly against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

7.5 Events occurring after balance date

No matters have occurred after balance date that require disclosure in the financial report.

Notes to the Financial Report

ote 8	Other matters			
.1	Reserves	Balance at beginning of reporting period	Increment / (decre- ment)	Balance at end o reporting period
	(a) Asset revaluation reserves	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	2018			
	Property			
	Land	124,063	-	124,06
	Buildings	99,181	25	99,20
		223,244	25	223,26
	Infrastructure			
	Roads	155,467	(19,842)	135,62
	Bridges	15,346	-	15,34
	Footpaths and cycleways	390	287	67
	Drainage	21,218	-	21,21
	Corangamite Regional Library Corporation	706	-	70
	Artworks	1,585	-	1,58
	Other infrastructure	29,041	-	29,04
		223,753	(19,555)	204,19
	Total asset revaluation reserves	446,997	(19,530)	427,46
	2017			
	Property			
	Land	124,063	-	124,06
	Buildings	99,181	-	99,18
		223,244	-	223,24
	Infrastructure			
	Roads	156,007	(540)	155,46
	Bridges	3,501	11,845	15,34
	Footpaths and cycleways	-	390	39
	Drainage	21,218	-	21,21
	Recreational, leisure and community facilities	-	-	
	Waste management	-	-	
	Parks, open space and streetscapes	-	-	
	Corangamite Regional Library Corporation	706	_	70
	Artworks	1,585	-	1,58
	Other infrastructure	29,041	_	29,04
		20,011		20,01
		212,058	11,695	223,753

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record the increased (net) value of Council's assets over time. The Corangamite Regional Library Corporation recognises the fair value of revalued assets in their books.



	Balance at beginning of reporting period	Transfer from accu- mulated surplus	Transfer to accumulated surplus	Balance at end of reporting period	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
(b) Other reserves					
2018					
Main drainage fund	67	-	4	63	
Committed reserve	3,479	598	-	4,077	
Heritage restoration fund	44	1	-	45	
Insurance claims reserve	90	-	-	90	
Information technology reserve	131	-	-	131	
Art gallery reserve	45	1	-	46	
Resort and recreation reserve	422	-	8	414	
Car park fund	723	-	702	21	
North of the merri developer contribution reserve	372	10	-	382	
Hopkins point road developer contribution reserve	87	-	74	13	
Northeast DCP	639	16	-	655	
Total other reserves	6,099	626	788	5,937	
2017					
Main drainage fund	679	-	612	67	
Committed reserve	3,953	-	474	3,479	
Heritage restoration fund	43	1	-	44	
Insurance claims reserve	90	-	-	90	
Information technology reserve	131	-	-	131	
Art gallery reserve	44	1	-	45	
Resort and recreation reserve	314	108	-	422	
Car park fund	479	244	-	723	
North of the merri developer contribution reserve	363	9	-	372	
Hopkins point road developer contribution reserve	128	-	41	87	
Northeast DCP	-	639	-	639	
Total other reserves	6,224	1,002	1,127	6,099	

Main Drainage Fund is maintained specifically for future major drainage works.

Committed Reserve is specifically for predetermined works and Councils small infrastructure fund.

Heritage Restoration Fund is maintained specifically for grant loans for heritage works.

Insurance Claims Reserve is maintained specifically for Council's self-insurance.

Information Technology Reserve is maintained specifically for major information technology upgrades.

Art Gallery Reserve is maintained specficially for the purchase of art pieces.

Resort and Recreation Reserve is maintained specifically for public open space works.

Car Park Fund is maintained specifically for future major car park works.

North of the Merri Developer Contributions Reserve is maintained specifically for contributions held in this growth area. Hopkins Point Road Developer Contributions Reserve is maintained specifically for contributions held in this growth area. Northeast DCP Developer Contributions Reserve is maintained specifically for contributions held for the growth areas of Dales Road and Aberline Road.

Notes to the Financial Report					
		2018	2017		
8.2	Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities to surplus/(deficit)	\$'000	\$'000		
	Surplus/(deficit) for the year	6,024	11,665		
	Add / (deduct) non-cash items:				
	Depreciation	12,265	10,936		
	Bad and doubtful debts expense	129	-		
	Profit/(loss) on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment	810	2,465		
	Contributions - Non-monetary assets	(1,460)	(4,806)		
	Found Assets	(691)	(2,832)		
	Share of net profits (or loss) of associates	(22)	(53)		
	Prior year WIP written off	1,568	-		
	Change in assets and liabilities:				
	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	1,158	(590)		
	(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(602)	(149)		
	(Increase)/decrease in accrued income	79	(168)		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	5	(69)		
	Increase/(decrease) in trust deposits	113	(72)		
	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(44)	197		
	Increase/(decrease) in provisions	329	1,258		
	Increase/(decrease) in accrued expenses	(495)	(179)		
	Increase/(decrease) in net GST	120	-		
	Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	19,286	17,603		



8.3 Superannuation

Council makes the majority of its employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the Local Authorities Superannuation Fund (the Fund). This Fund has two categories of membership, accumulation and defined benefit, each of which is funded differently. Obligations for contributions to the Fund are recognised as an expense in the Comprehensive Income Statement when they are made or due.

Accumulation

The Fund's accumulation categories, Vision MySuper/Vision Super Saver, receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are normally based on a fixed percentage of employee earnings (for the year ended 30 June 2018, this was 9.5% as required under Superannuation Guarantee legislation).

Defined Benefit

Council does not use defined benefit accounting for its defined benefit obligations under the Fund's Defined Benefit category. This is because the Fund's Defined Benefit category is a pooled multi-employer sponsored plan. There is no proportional split of the defined benefit liabilities, assets or costs between the participating employers as the defined benefit obligation is a floating obligation between the participating employers and the only time that the aggregate obligation is allocated to specific employers is when a call is made. As a result, the level of participation of Council in the Fund cannot be measured as a percentage compared with other participating employers. Therefore, the Fund Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers for the purposes of AASB 119.

Funding arrangements

Council makes employer contributions to the Defined Benefit category of the Fund at rates determined by the Trustee on the advice of the Fund Actuary. As at 30 June 2017, a full triennial actuarial investigation was completed. The vested benefit index (VBI) of the Defined Benefit category of which Council is a contributing employer was 103.1%. To determine the VBI, the Fund Actuary used the following long-term assumptions:

- Net investment returns 6.5% pa
- Salary information 3.5% pa
- Price inflation (CPI) 2.5% pa.

Vision Super has advised that the estimated VBI at 30 June 2018 was 106.0%.

The VBI is to be used as the primary funding indicator. Because the VBI was above 100%, the 30 June 2017 actuarial investigation determined the Defined Benefit category was in a satisfactory financial position and that no change was necessary to the Defined Benefit category's funding arrangements from prior years.

Employer contributions

Regular contributions

On the basis of the results of the 2017 triennial actuarial investigation conducted by the Fund Actuary, Council makes employer contributions to the Fund's Defined Benefit category at rates determined by the Fund's Trustee. For the year ended 30 June 2018, this rate was 9.5% of members' salaries (9.5% in 2016/2017). This rate will increase in line with any increases in the SG contribution rate. In addition, Council reimburses the Fund to cover the excess of the benefits paid as a consequence of retrenchment above the funded resignation or retirement benefit.

Funding calls

If the Defined Benefit category is in an unsatisfactory financial position at an actuarial investigation or the Defined Benefit category's VBI is below its shortfall limit at any time other than the date of the actuarial investigation, the Defined Benefit category has a shortfall for the purposes of SPS 160 and the Fund is required to put a plan in place so that the shortfall is fully funded within three years of the shortfall occurring. The Fund monitors its VBI on a quarterly basis and the Fund has set its shortfall limit at 97%.

In the event that the Fund Actuary determines that there is a shortfall based on the above requirement, the Fund's participating employers (including Council) are required to make an employer contribution to cover the shortfall. Using the agreed methodology, the shortfall amount is apportioned between the participating employers based on the pre-1 July 1993 and post-30 June 1993 service liabilities of the Fund's Defined Benefit category, together with the employer's payroll at 30 June 1993 and at the date the shortfall has been calculated.

Due to the nature of the contractual obligations between the participating employers and the Fund, and that the Fund includes lifetime pensioners and their reversionary beneficiaries, it is unlikely that the Fund will be wound up. If there is a surplus in the Fund, the surplus cannot be returned to the participating employers. In the event that a participating employer is wound-up, the defined benefit obligations of that employer will be transferred to that employer's successor.

2017 triennial actuarial investigation surplus amounts

The Fund's triennial investigation as at 30 June 2017 identified the following in the defined benefit category of which Council is a contributing employer:

- A VBI surplus of \$69.8 million
- A total service liability surplus of \$193.5 million.
- A discounted accrued benefits surplus of \$228.8 million.

The VBI surplus means that the market value of the fund's assets supporting the defined benefit obligations exceed the vested benefits that the defined benefit members would have been entitled to if they had all exited on 30 June 2017. Council was notified of the 30 June 2017 VBI during August 2017.

The total service liability surplus means that the current value of the assets in the Fund's Defined Benefit category plus expected future contributions exceeds the value of expected future benefits and expenses.

The discounted accrued benefit surplus means that the current value of the assets in the Fund's Defined Benefit category exceeds the value of benefits payable in the future but accrued in respect of service to the investigation date.

2018 interim actuarial investigation

An interim actuarial investigation will be conducted for the Fund's position as at 30 June 2018. It is anticipated that this actuarial investigation will be completed in December 2018.

