

West Wimmera Shire Council

Group: small shire

This fact sheet uses graphs and data to examine this council's revenue, expenditure and financial sustainability over recent years. The information is intended to help readers understand the impacts of rate capping, which was introduced in 2016–17 to restrict the amount councils can increase their general rates and municipal charges each financial year.

You can compare this council's data against its 'group' by looking at the fact sheet for small shires. Further information is available at <http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports>. You'll find an interactive version of this fact sheet, a reader's guide to help you understand key terms and information about the sector as a whole.



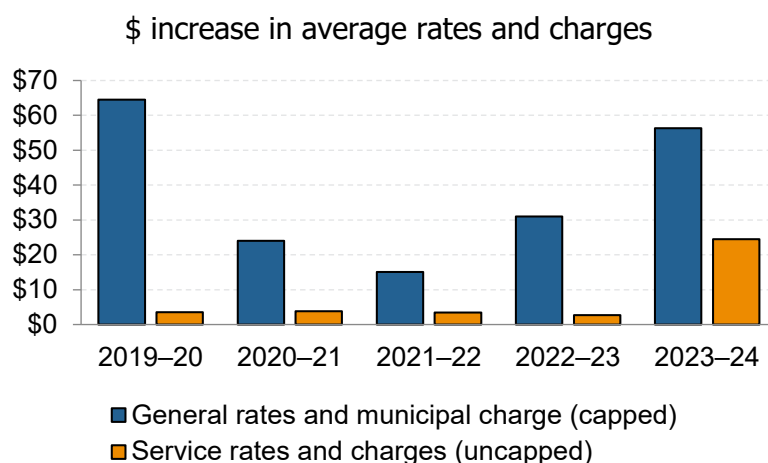
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Key facts

Population (June 2023):	3,933
Size (km ²):	9,109
Length of local roads (km):	2,751
Population per km of roads:	1
Council employees (FTE, 2023–24):	113
Higher cap approved for any year between 2018–19 and 2023–24	Yes (see table below)

Rates

What has happened to average rates and charges?



Year	Average rates and charges	Applicable rate cap
2018–19	\$1,575	3.50% ^a
2019–20	\$1,643	3.50% ^a
2020–21	\$1,671	3.50% ^{a,b}
2021–22	\$1,690	1.50%
2022–23	\$1,724	1.75%
2023–24	\$1,804	3.50%

^a Approved higher cap ^b Set 2% rate increase

Rates (continued)



See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information.
Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2023–24 dollars.

Have council's average rates complied with the applicable rate caps?

2022–23 (1.75%)	2023–24 (3.50%)	2024–25 (2.75%)
Yes	Yes	Yes

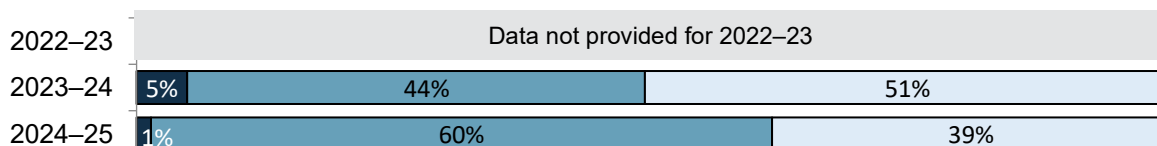
How have rates changed for different ratepayers?

Council's rating strategy 2024–25

Council levies a single differential rate, a municipal charge and uses service charges to recover the cost of waste services. More information about council's differential rate categories and charges can be found in council's adopted budget.

Distribution of rates increases and decreases

The applicable rate cap is applied to council's average rate, which means some individual rates increased by more and some increased by less than the applicable cap (or even decreased).



- % of rates notices decreasing
- % of rates notices increasing by less than the applicable cap
- % of rates notices increasing by more than the applicable cap

Ratepayers by property class

	Residential ratepayers	Commercial ratepayers	Industrial ratepayers	Rural ratepayers
	37% of ratepayers	2% of ratepayers	2% of ratepayers	59% of ratepayers
	\$1.1m (13%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	\$0.1m (1%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	\$0m (0%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	\$7.3m (86%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24
	–0.2% average annual increase between 2019–20 and 2023–24	3.8% average annual increase between 2019–20 and 2023–24	–7.9% average annual increase between 2019–20 and 2023–24	2.9% average annual increase between 2019–20 and 2023–24

Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited data). Includes both capped and uncapped rates and charges. 'Other' category of property class has been omitted.

Revenue



See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information.
Where noted, the numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2023–24 dollars.

Where is council's money coming from?

Revenue (2023–24 \$m and % of total revenue)

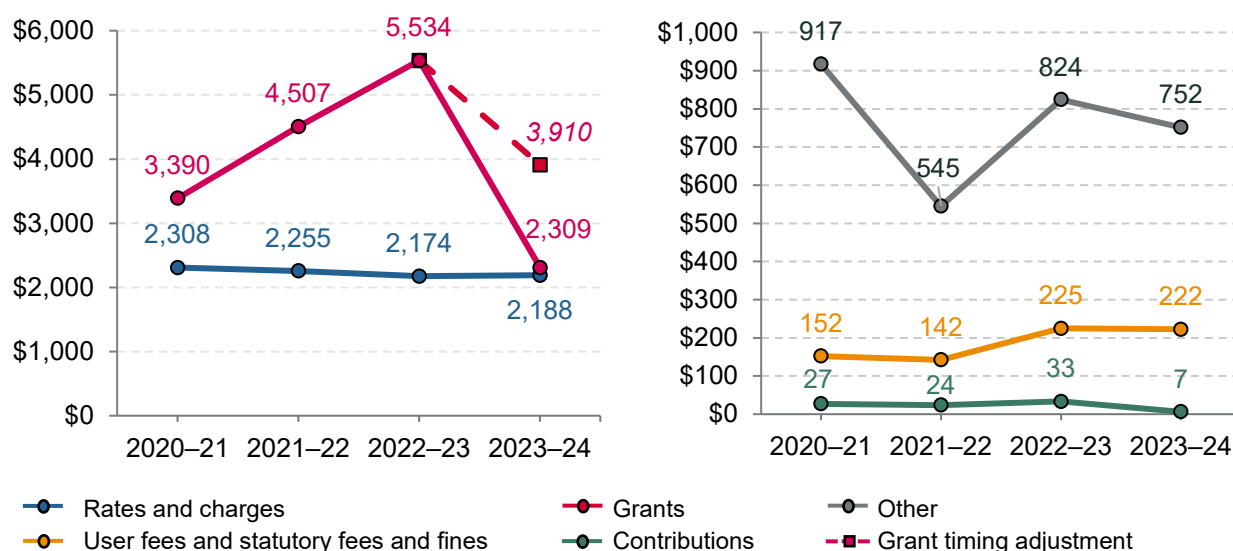
	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Rates and charges	9.2 (34%)	9.0 (30%)	8.6 (25%)	8.6 (40%)
User fees and statutory fees and fines	0.6 (2%)	0.6 (2%)	0.9 (3%)	0.9 (4%)
Grants	13.5 (50%)	17.9 (60%)	21.8 (63%)	9.1 (42%)
Contributions	0.1 (0%)	0.1 (0%)	0.1 (0%)	0.0 (0%)
Other	3.7 (13%)	2.2 (7%)	3.2 (9%)	3.0 (14%)
Total	27.1	29.7	34.7	21.5

West Wimmera Shire Council's total revenue fluctuated in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, reflecting changes in revenue from grants.

However, the decrease in grant revenue in 2023–24 partially reflects the financial assistance grants being received later than usual. Council would have received \$15.4 million in grant revenue if the payment was received before the end of the financial year.

Grants and rates and charges were the largest sources of council's revenue, accounting for 86 per cent of total revenue between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Revenue per person (2023–24 dollars)



In terms of revenue per person (which adjusts for population growth), council's revenue from rates and charges, and 'other' revenue decreased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Expenditure



See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information.
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How much money is council spending?

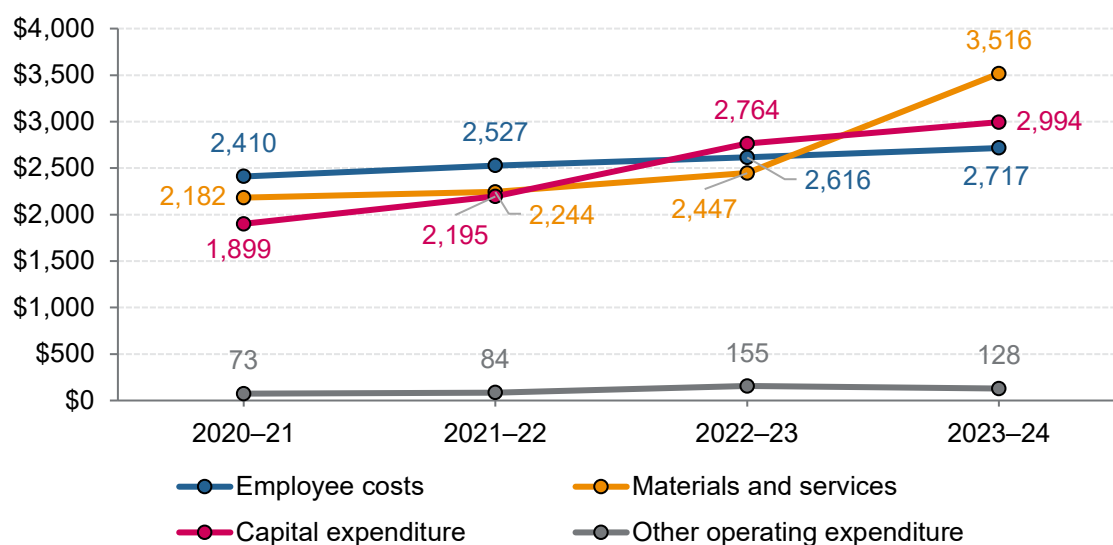
Expenditure (2023–24 \$m and % of total expenditure)

	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Operating expenditure	18.6 (71%)	19.3 (69%)	20.6 (65%)	25.0 (68%)
Employee costs	9.6 (37%)	10.1 (36%)	10.3 (33%)	10.7 (29%)
Materials and services	8.7 (33%)	8.9 (32%)	9.6 (31%)	13.8 (38%)
Other operating expenditure	0.3 (1%)	0.3 (1%)	0.6 (2%)	0.5 (1%)
Capital expenditure	7.6 (29%)	8.7 (31%)	10.9 (35%)	11.8 (32%)
Total	26.2	28.0	31.5	36.8

West Wimmera Shire Council's total expenditure increased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, reflecting increases in expenditure on materials and services, capital expenditure and employee costs.

Materials and services was the largest area of expenditure, which accounted for 34 per cent of total expenditure between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Expenditure per person (2023–24 dollars)



In terms of expenditure per person (which adjusts for population growth), council's spending on all categories increased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Has council's capital expenditure pattern changed?

Capital expenditure (2023–24 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)

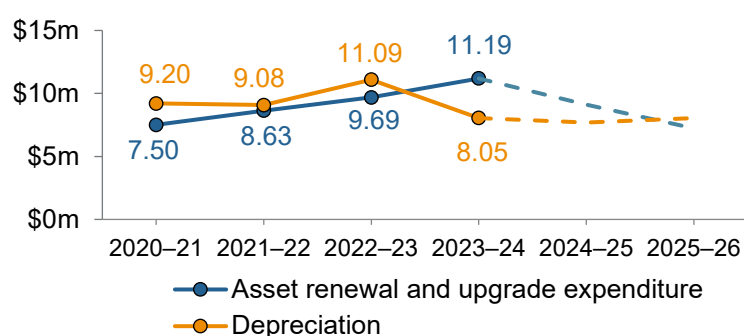
	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Renewal	7.2 (95%)	8.0 (92%)	9.2 (84%)	10.1 (85%)
Upgrade	0.3 (4%)	0.6 (7%)	0.5 (4%)	1.1 (10%)
Expansion	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)
New	0.1 (1%)	0.1 (1%)	1.2 (11%)	0.6 (5%)
Total	7.6	8.7	10.9	11.8

West Wimmera Shire Council's spending on asset renewal trended upwards in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24. Asset renewal accounted for the highest share of capital expenditure over this period (88 per cent).

Council's spending on asset upgrades and new assets in real terms increased between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Is council renewing its assets (such as roads, parks and buildings)?

Council assets: comparing renewal and upgrade expenditure with depreciation (2023–24 dollars)



Renewal & upgrade expenditure as a percentage of depreciation

2020–21	82%
2021–22	95%
2022–23	87%
2023–24	139%
2024–25	119% (forecast data)
2025–26	90% (forecast data)

Council's spending on the renewal and upgrade of its assets trended upwards in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

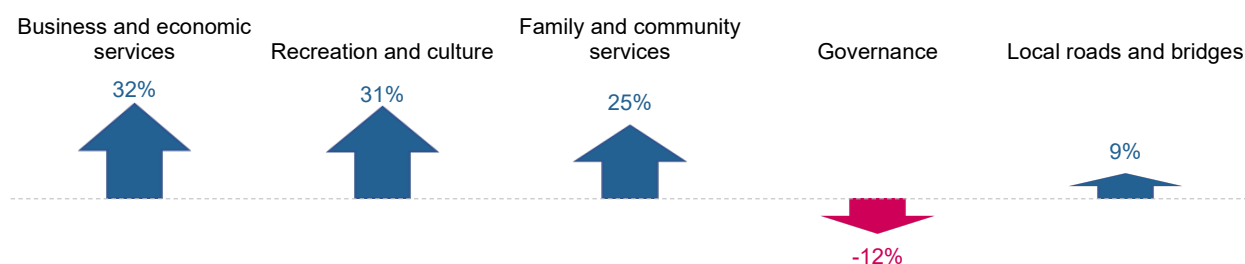
Renewal and upgrade expenditure increased above the amount of depreciation (the decline in value of council's assets caused by age and use) in 2023–24. This spending was forecast to continue to be above the amount of depreciation in 2024–25, before decreasing in 2025–26.

Which service areas is council spending its money in?

Expenditure by function (2023–24 \$m and % of total services expenditure)

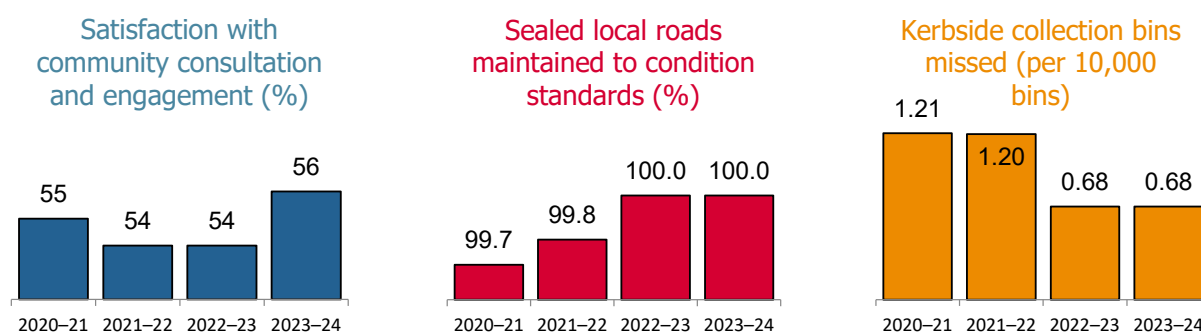
	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Aged and disabled services	0.9 (3%)	0.9 (3%)	0.9 (3%)	1.2 (4%)
Business and economic services	1.9 (7%)	2.3 (8%)	2.5 (8%)	4.4 (13%)
Environment	0.7 (3%)	1.1 (4%)	1.1 (4%)	0.9 (3%)
Family and community services	1.3 (5%)	1.4 (5%)	1.5 (5%)	2.5 (7%)
Governance	7.0 (25%)	5.3 (19%)	6.0 (19%)	4.9 (15%)
Local roads and bridges	9.7 (35%)	13.0 (46%)	14.2 (45%)	12.4 (37%)
Recreation and culture	2.3 (8%)	2.9 (10%)	3.4 (11%)	5.3 (16%)
Traffic and street management	0.5 (2%)	0.5 (2%)	0.5 (2%)	0.8 (2%)
Waste management	1.0 (3%)	1.0 (4%)	1.1 (4%)	0.7 (2%)
Other	2.5 (9%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)
Total	27.8	28.4	31.3	33.1

Which service areas have experienced the biggest changes in spending?



Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited). Average annual change between 2020–21 and 2023–24. Excludes small service areas (<5% of expenditure). Council Annual Reports may provide further explanation of these changes.

Has there been a change in service quality and community satisfaction?

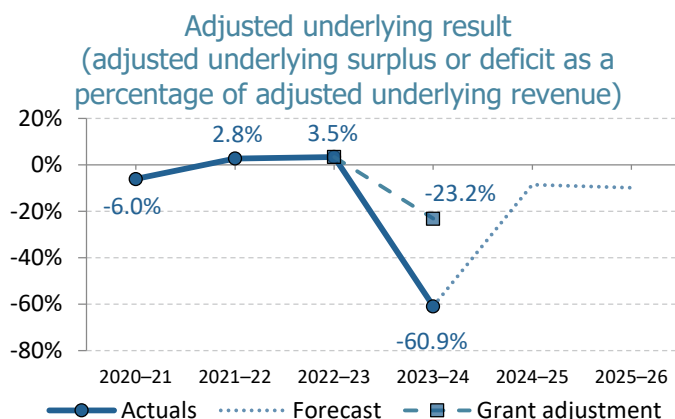


Financial position



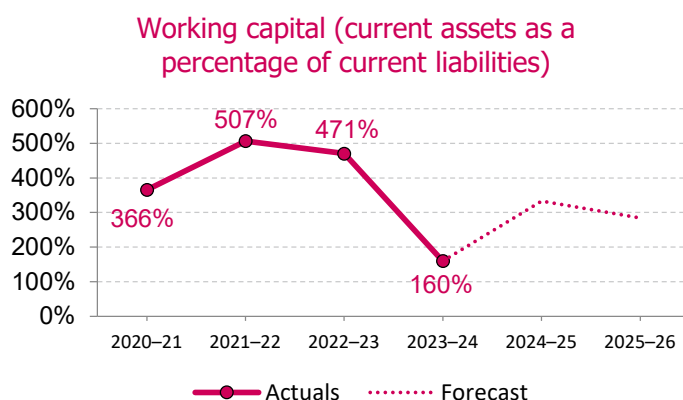
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Is council operating sustainably?

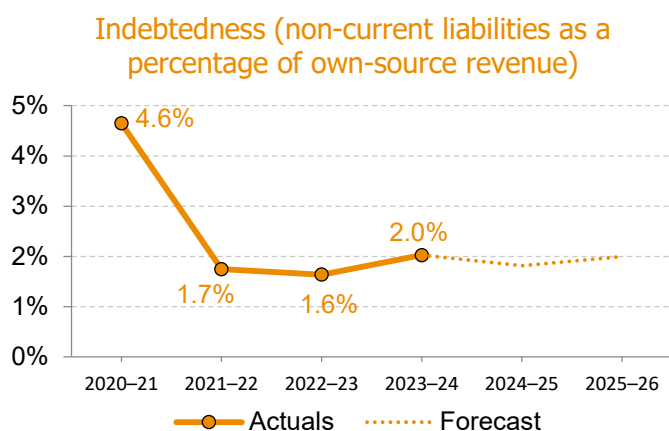


Between 2020–21 and 2023–24, West Wimmera Shire Council reported an average **adjusted underlying result** of **-15.2 per cent**. The average result would have been **-5.7 per cent**, if the timing of the financial assistance grants payment in 2023–24 was consistent with previous years.

An ongoing negative result, or deficit, suggests that, without the receipt of one-off grants or an increase in ongoing revenue, the council may not have sufficient revenue to fund the range and level of services it has been providing.



Council could meet its current financial obligations with a reported average **working capital ratio** of **376 per cent** between 2020–21 and 2023–24.



Between 2020–21 and 2023–24, council reported an average **indebtedness ratio** of **2.5 per cent**. The lower the percentage, the greater a council's ability to repay debt from revenue it controls.

Note: The year-on-year changes in the financial indicators can be affected by the timing of financial assistance grant payments. We have estimated the impact of a change in the timing of these payments for the 2023–24 adjusted underlying result. Please see the reader's guide for more information.