

## Latrobe City Council

Group: regional city

This fact sheet uses graphs and data to examine this council's revenue, expenditure and financial sustainability over recent years. The information is intended to help readers understand the impacts of rate capping, which was introduced in 2016–17 to restrict the amount councils can increase their general rates and municipal charges each financial year.

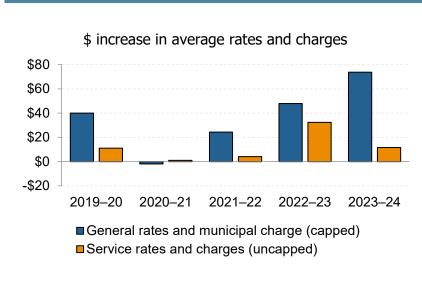
You can compare this council's data against its 'group' by looking at the fact sheet for regional city councils. Further information is available at <a href="http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports">http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports</a>. You'll find an interactive version of this fact sheet, a reader's guide to help you understand key terms and information about the sector as a whole.



Key facts	
Population (June 2023):	78,154
Size (km²):	1,426
Length of local roads (km):	1,567
Population per km of roads:	50
Council employees (FTE, 2023-24):	608
Higher cap approved for any year between 2018–19 and 2023–24	No

## **Rates**

## What has happened to average rates and charges?



Year	Average rates and charges	Applicable rate cap
2018–19	\$1,808	2.25%
2019–20	\$1,859	2.50%
2020–21	\$1,858	2.00%
2021–22	\$1,887	1.50%
2022–23	\$1,967	1.75%
2023–24	\$2,052	3.50%

## Rates (continued)



See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information.

Where noted, the numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2023–24 dollars.

## Have council's average rates complied with the applicable rate caps?

2022–23 (1.75%) 2023–24 (3.50%) 2024–25 (2.75%)

Yes Yes Yes

### How have rates changed for different ratepayers?

#### Council's rating strategy 2024-25

Council levies 3 differential rates for different types of property, a municipal charge and uses service charges to recover the cost of waste services. More information about council's differential rate categories and charges can be found in council's adopted budget.

#### Distribution of rates increases and decreases

The applicable rate cap is applied to council's average rate, which means some individual rates increased by more and some increased by less than the applicable cap (or even decreased).

2022–23	32%	6%	62%
2023–24	33%	19%	48%
2024–25	27%	32%	42%

- % of rates notices decreasing
- % of rates notices increasing by less than the applicable cap
- □ % of rates notices increasing by more than the applicable cap

#### Ratepayers by property class

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	Residential ratepayers	Commercial ratepayers	Industrial ratepayers	Rural ratepayers
	90%	4%	3%	2%
	of ratepayers	of ratepayers	of ratepayers	of ratepayers
_	\$71.7m	\$6.1m	\$12.1m	\$3.2m
\$	(77%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	(7%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	(13%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24	(3%) of rates and charges revenue in 2023–24
	3.1%	<b>-3.1%</b>	-2.6%	5.3%
	average annual	average annual	average annual	average annual
I≣I	increase between	increase between	increase between	increase between
	2019–20 and	2019–20 and	2019–20 and	2019–20 and
	2023–24	2023–24	2023–24	2023-24

**Source:** Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited data). Includes both capped and uncapped rates and charges. 'Other' category of property class has been omitted.



## Where is council's money coming from?

Revenue (2023–24 \$m and % of total revenue)

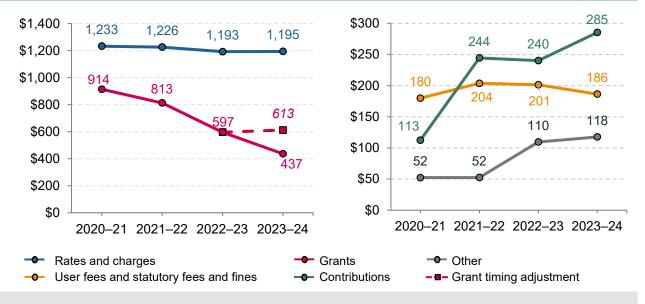
	2020–21		2021–22		2022–23		2023	3–24
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Rates and charges	94.6	(49%)	94.6	(48%)	92.7	(51%)	93.4	(54%)
User fees and statutory fees and fines	13.8	(7%)	15.7	(8%)	15.6	(9%)	14.6	(8%)
Grants	70.1	(37%)	62.7	(32%)	46.4	(25%)	34.1	(20%)
Contributions	8.6	(5%)	18.9	(10%)	18.7	(10%)	22.3	(13%)
Other	4.0	(2%)	4.0	(2%)	8.5	(5%)	9.2	(5%)
Total	191.2		195.9		181.9		173.6	

Latrobe City Council's total revenue decreased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, reflecting a decrease in revenue from grants.

However, the decrease in grant revenue in 2023–24 partially reflects the financial assistance grants being received later than usual. Council would have received \$47.9 million in grant revenue if the payment was received before the end of the financial year.

Rates and charges, and grants were the largest sources of council's revenue, accounting for 79 per cent of total revenue between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

#### Revenue per person (2023–24 dollars)



In terms of revenue per person (which adjusts for population growth), council's revenue from rates and charges, and grants decreased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, while contributions and 'other' revenue increased.



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See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information.

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## How much money is council spending?

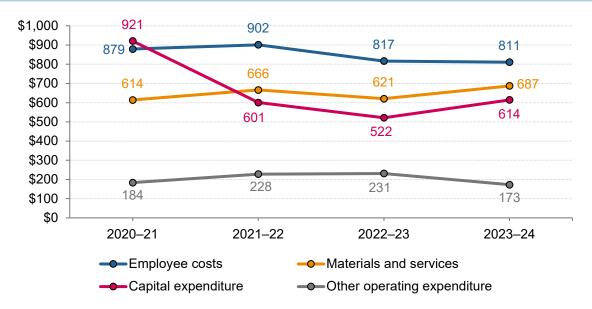
**Expenditure** (2023–24 \$m and % of total expenditure)

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	2020–21		202	2021–22		2022–23		3–24
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Operating expenditure	128.6	(65%)	138.5	(75%)	129.7	(76%)	130.6	(73%)
Employee costs	67.5	(34%)	69.5	(38%)	63.5	(37%)	63.4	(35%)
Materials and services	47.1	(24%)	51.4	(28%)	48.2	(28%)	53.7	(30%)
Other operating expenditure	14.1	(7%)	17.6	(10%)	18.0	(11%)	13.5	(8%)
Capital expenditure	70.7	(35%)	46.3	(25%)	40.5	(24%)	48.0	(27%)
Total	199.3		184.8		170.2		178.6	

Latrobe City Council's total expenditure decreased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, reflecting a decrease in capital expenditure.

Employee costs was the largest area of expenditure, which accounted for 36 per cent of total expenditure between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

#### Expenditure per person (2023–24 dollars)



In terms of expenditure per person (which adjusts for population growth), council's employee costs and capital expenditure decreased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24.



### Has council's capital expenditure pattern changed?

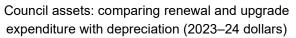
Capital expenditure (2023–24 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)

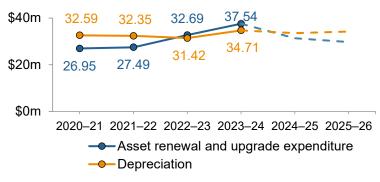
	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24	
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	
Renewal	22.4 (32%)	24.8 (53%)	29.4 (73%)	26.1 (54%)	
Upgrade	4.6 (6%)	2.7 (6%)	3.2 (8%)	11.4 (24%)	
Expansion	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.2 (1%)	1.7 (4%)	
New	43.7 (62%)	18.8 (41%)	7.6 (19%)	8.8 (18%)	
Total	70.7	46.3	40.5	48.0	

Latrobe City Council's spending on asset renewal trended upwards in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24. Asset renewal accounted for the highest share of capital expenditure over this period (50 per cent).

Council's spending on asset upgrades and asset expansion increased in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24, while spending on new assets declined.

## Is council renewing its assets (such as roads, parks and buildings)?





# Renewal & upgrade expenditure as a percentage of depreciation

2020–21	83%	
2021–22	85%	
2022–23	104%	
2023–24	108%	
2024–25	93%	(forecast data)
2025–26	87%	(forecast data)

Council's spending on the renewal and upgrade of its assets trended upwards in real terms between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

Renewal and upgrade expenditure increased above the amount of depreciation (the decline in value of council's assets caused by age and use) in 2022–23. This spending was forecast to decrease below the amount of depreciation in 2024–25 and 2025–26.

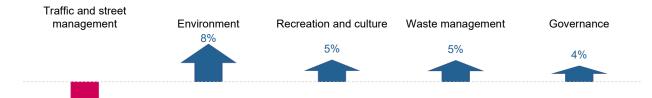


### Which service areas is council spending its money in?

Expenditure by function (2023–24 \$m and % of total services expenditure)

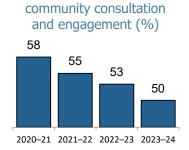
	2020–21		2021–22		2022–23		2023-	-24
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Aged and disabled services	7.6	(5%)	7.3	(5%)	1.2	(1%)	1.7	(1%)
Business and economic services	14.4	(9%)	9.6	(6%)	9.5	(6%)	13.2	(8%)
Environment	6.5	(4%)	10.8	(7%)	6.9	(5%)	8.2	(5%)
Family and community services	19.8	(13%)	21.7	(14%)	20.1	(13%)	21.3	(13%)
Governance	25.0	(16%)	29.4	(18%)	29.3	(19%)	27.9	(18%)
Local roads and bridges	21.9	(14%)	21.2	(13%)	21.4	(14%)	22.5	(14%)
Recreation and culture	31.1	(20%)	33.0	(21%)	33.5	(22%)	35.9	(23%)
Traffic and street management	11.8	(8%)	10.9	(7%)	10.4	(7%)	8.9	(6%)
Waste management	16.3	(11%)	15.3	(10%)	20.5	(13%)	18.8	(12%)
Other	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)
Total	154.4		159.3		152.6		158.4	

## Which service areas have experienced the biggest changes in spending?



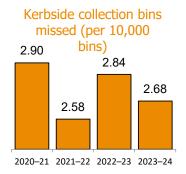
**Source:** Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited). Average annual change between 2020–21 and 2023–24. Excludes small service areas (<5% of expenditure). Council Annual Reports may provide further explanation of these changes.

## Has there been a change in service quality and community satisfaction?



Satisfaction with

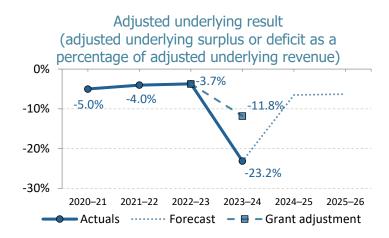








### Is council operating sustainably?



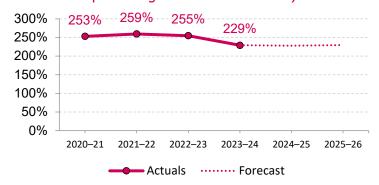
Latrobe City Council reported an average **adjusted underlying result** of **-9 per cent**. The average result would have been *-6.1 per cent*, if the timing of the financial assistance grants payment in 2023–24 was consistent with previous years.

Between 2020-21 and 2023-24,

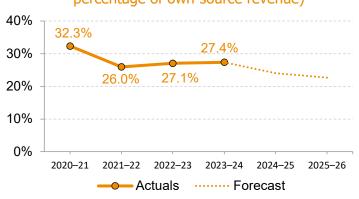
An ongoing negative result, or deficit, suggests that, without the receipt of one-off grants or an increase in ongoing revenue, the council may not have sufficient revenue to fund the range and level of services it has been providing.

Council could meet its current financial obligations with a reported average working capital ratio of 249 per cent between 2020–21 and 2023–24.

## Working capital (current assets as a percentage of current liabilities)



## Indebtedness (non-current liabilities as a percentage of own-source revenue)



Between 2020–21 and 2023–24, council reported an average indebtedness ratio of 28.2 per cent.

The lower the percentage, the greater a council's ability to repay debt from revenue it controls.

**Note:** The year-on-year changes in the financial indicators can be affected by the timing of financial assistance grant payments. We have estimated the impact of a change in the timing of these payments for the 2023–24 adjusted underlying result. Please see the reader's guide for more information.