

Strathbogie Shire Council

Group: small shire

This fact sheet uses graphs and data to examine this council's revenue, expenditure and financial sustainability over recent years. The information aims to help readers understand the impacts of rate capping. This was introduced in 2016–17 to restrict the amount councils can increase their general rates and municipal charges each financial year.

You can compare this council's data against its 'group' by looking at the fact sheet for small shires. Further information is available at <u>http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports</u>. You'll find an interactive version of this fact sheet, a reader's guide to help you understand key terms and information about the sector as a whole.



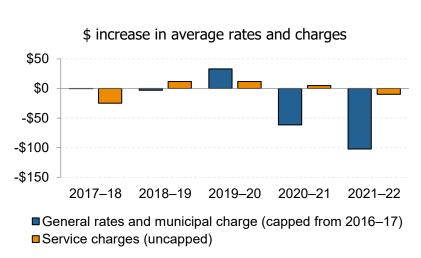
© OpenStreetMap contributors

Key facts

Population (June 2021):	11,364
Size (km²):	3,303
Length of local roads (km):	2,213
Population per km of roads:	5
Council employees (FTE, 2021–22):	128
Higher cap approved for any year between 2016–17 and 2021–22	No

Rates

What happened to average rates and charges (2021–22 dollars)?



Average rates and charges	Applicable rate cap
\$2,723	2.50%
\$2,697	2.00%
\$2,706	2.25%
\$2,751	2.50%
\$2,694	2.00%
\$2,582	1.50%
	rates and \$2,723 \$2,697 \$2,706 \$2,751 \$2,694

Rates (continued)

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

Did council's average rates	comply with the applicabl	e rate caps?
2020–21 (2.00%)	2021–22 (1.50%)	2022–23 (1.75%)
Yes	Yes	Yes

How did rates change for different ratepayers?

Council's rating strategy 2022-23

Council applies 4 differential rates for different types of property and recovers the cost of waste and tree management services using service charges. The adopted budget contains more information about rate categories and charges.

Distribution of rates increases and decreases

The applicable rate cap is applied to council's average rate. So, some individual rates increased by more and some increased by less than the applicable cap (or even decreased).

2020–21	69%				20%
2021–22	44%	16%	6% 40%		
2022–23	48%	9%		43%	

% of rates notices decreasing

■ % of rates notices increasing by less than the applicable cap

□ % of rates notices increasing by more than the applicable cap

Ratepayers by property class (2021-22 dollars)

	· · / · · · · / · · · · / ·	· · · · · /	
	Residential ratepayers	Commercial and Industrial ratepayers	Rural ratepayers
•	67%	4%	29%
	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22
*	\$11m	\$1m	\$8.5m
\$	(53%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(5%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(42%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22
_	-1.5%	-1.0%	-0.1%
	average annual change	average annual change	average annual change
	between 2017–18 and	between 2017–18 and	between 2017–18 and
	2021–22	2021–22	2021–22

Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited data). Includes both capped and uncapped rates and charges. 'Other' category of property class has been omitted.

Revenue

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

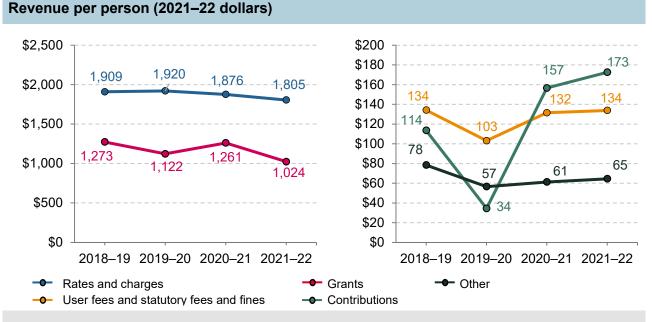
Where did council's money come from?

Revenue (2021–22 \$m and % of total revenue)

	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021	1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Rates and charges	20.5	(54%)	20.9	(59%)	20.9	(54%)	20.5	(56%)
User fees and statutory fees and fines	1.4	(4%)	1.1	(3%)	1.5	(4%)	1.5	(4%)
Grants	13.6	(36%)	12.2	(35%)	14.0	(36%)	11.6	(32%)
Contributions	1.2	(3%)	0.4	(1%)	1.7	(4%)	2.0	(5%)
Other	0.8	(2%)	0.6	(2%)	0.7	(2%)	0.7	(2%)
Total	37.6		35.3		38.8		36.4	

Strathbogie Shire Council's total revenue fluctuated in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22, reflecting changes in revenue from grants.

Rates and charges, and grants were the largest sources of revenue, accounting for 91 per cent of total revenue between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



In terms of revenue per person (which adjusts for changes in population), revenue from rates and charges, and grants decreased between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This compares with an upward trend in revenue per person from contributions, despite a dip in 2019–20.

Expenditure

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

How much money did council spend?

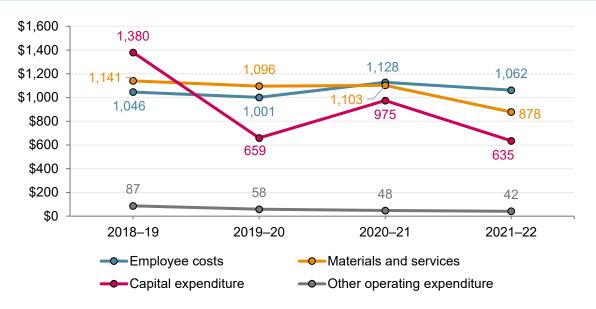
Expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total expenditure)

	2018–19		201	2019–20		2020–21		1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Operating expenditure	24.4	(62%)	23.5	(77%)	25.4	(70%)	22.5	(76%)
Employee costs	11.2	(29%)	10.9	(36%)	12.6	(35%)	12.1	(41%)
Materials and services	12.2	(31%)	11.9	(39%)	12.3	(34%)	10.0	(34%)
Other operating expenditure	0.9	(2%)	0.6	(2%)	0.5	(1%)	0.5	(2%)
Capital expenditure	14.8	(38%)	7.2	(23%)	10.9	(30%)	7.2	(24%)
Total	39.2		30.7		36.2		29.7	

Strathbogie Shire Council's total expenditure decreased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This reflected changes in capital expenditure and expenditure on materials and services.

Employee costs was the largest area of expenditure, accounting for 34 per cent of total expenditure between 2018–19 and 2021–22.

Expenditure per person (2021–22 dollars)



In terms of expenditure per person (which adjusts for changes in population), council's expenditure on materials and services, 'other operating expenditure' and capital expenditure decreased between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This compares with an upward trend in expenditure on employee costs per person.

Infrastructure

-22

(52%)

(17%)

(18%)

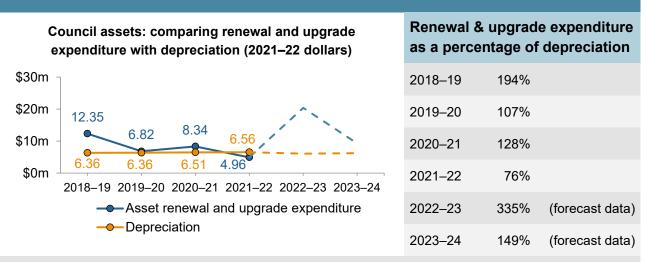
(14%)

Did council's capital expenditure pattern change?

Capital expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)									
	20	18–19	201	9–20	20)20–21	2021–		
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m		
Renewal	9.4	(63%)	5.1	(71%)	4.6	(42%)	3.8		
Upgrade	3.0	(20%)	1.7	(24%)	3.8	(35%)	1.2		
Expansion	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	1.0	(9%)	1.3		
New	2.4	(16%)	0.4	(5%)	1.6	(14%)	1.0		
Total	14.8		7.2		10.9		7.2		

Strathbogie Shire Council's spending on asset renewal trended downwards in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22. Asset renewal accounted for the highest share of capital expenditure over this period (57 per cent).

Council's spending on asset expansion increased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22, while spending on asset upgrades and new assets declined.



Council's spending on renewing and upgrading assets trended downwards in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22. Renewal and upgrade expenditure decreased below the amount of depreciation (the decline in value of council's assets caused by age and use) in 2021–22. It was forecast to increase above the amount of depreciation in 2022–23 and 2023–24.

Did council renew assets (such as roads, parks and buildings)?

Services

Which service areas did council spend its money on?

Expenditure by function (2021–22 \$m and % of total services expenditure)

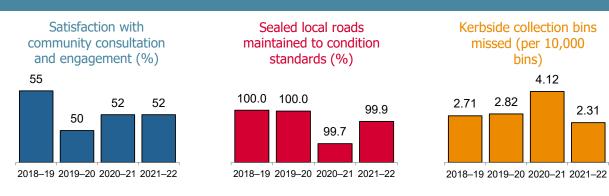
	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021–22	
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Aged and disabled services	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.1	(0%)	0.1	(0%)
Business and economic services	2.4	(8%)	2.0	(7%)	2.5	(8%)	2.2	(8%)
Environment	0.6	(2%)	0.8	(3%)	0.3	(1%)	0.5	(2%)
Family and community services	0.9	(3%)	0.9	(3%)	1.0	(3%)	0.8	(3%)
Governance	7.6	(25%)	13.3	(44%)	13.4	(42%)	15.0	(51%)
Local roads and bridges	12.6	(41%)	6.8	(22%)	7.1	(22%)	6.3	(21%)
Recreation and culture	3.7	(12%)	3.6	(12%)	4.3	(13%)	3.5	(12%)
Traffic and street management	0.1	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.1	(0%)
Waste management	2.8	(9%)	2.8	(9%)	3.4	(11%)	0.8	(3%)
Other	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)
Total	30.7		30.1		32.2		29.3	

Which areas experienced the biggest changes from 2018–19 to 2021–22?



Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited). Council Annual Reports may provide further explanation of these expenditure changes.

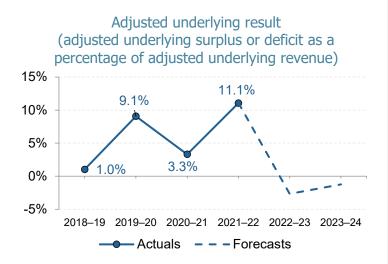
Did service quality or community satisfaction change?



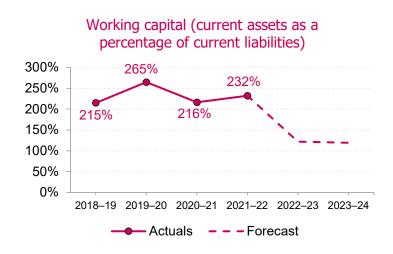
Financial position

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

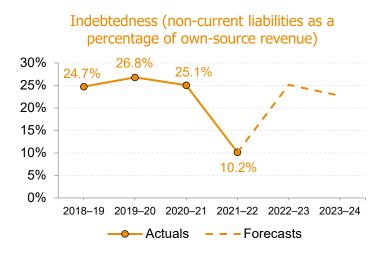
Did council operate sustainably?



Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, Strathbogie Shire Council reported an average adjusted underlying result of 6.1 per cent. An ongoing positive result suggests ongoing revenue can fund the current level of service provision.



Council could meet its current financial obligations with a reported average working capital ratio of 232 per cent between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, council reported an average indebtedness ratio of 21.7 per cent. The lower the percentage, the greater a council's ability is to repay debt from revenue it controls.

Note: Some of the year-on-year changes in these financial indicators may be due to changes to accounting standards or the impact of coronavirus. See the reader's guide for more information.