

Mansfield Shire Council

Group: small shire

This fact sheet uses graphs and data to examine this council's revenue, expenditure and financial sustainability over recent years. The information aims to help readers understand the impacts of rate capping. This was introduced in 2016–17 to restrict the amount councils can increase their general rates and municipal charges each financial year.

You can compare this council's data against its 'group' by looking at the fact sheet for small shires. Further information is available at <u>http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports</u>. You'll find an interactive version of this fact sheet, a reader's guide to help you understand key terms and information about the sector as a whole.



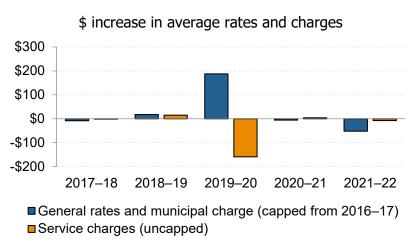
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Key facts

Population (June 2021):	10,112
Size (km²):	3,844
Length of local roads (km):	845
Population per km of roads:	12
Council employees (FTE, 2021–22):	113
Higher cap approved for any year between 2016–17 and 2021–22	Yes (see table below)

Rates

What happened to average rates and charges (2021–22 dollars)?



Year	Average rates and charges	Applicable rate cap
2016–17	\$1,844	2.50%
2017–18	\$1,834	2.00%
2018–19	\$1,866	2.25%
2019–20	\$1,894	13.94%ª
2020–21	\$1,893	2.00%
2021–22	\$1,833	1.50%

^a Approved higher cap.

Rates (continued)

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

Did council's average rates	comply with the applicabl	e rate caps?
2020–21 (2.00%)	2021–22 (1.50%)	2022–23 (1.75%)
Yes	Yes	Yes

How did rates change for different ratepayers?

Council's rating strategy 2022-23

Council applies 5 differential rates for different types of property, a municipal charge and recovers the cost of waste services using service charges. The adopted budget contains more information about rate categories and charges.

Distribution of rates increases and decreases

The applicable rate cap is applied to council's average rate. So, some individual rates increased by more and some increased by less than the applicable cap (or even decreased).

2020–21	25%	44%	/ D		32%
2021–22		59%			33%
2022–23	48	48%			45%

% of rates notices decreasing

% of rates notices increasing by less than the applicable cap

□ % of rates notices increasing by more than the applicable cap

Ratepayers by property class (2021-22 dollars)

2021-22

	• • • • •		
	Residential ratepayers	Commercial and Industrial ratepayers	Rural ratepayers
•	86%	5%	10%
	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22
ተ	\$12.9m	\$0.8m	\$1.3m
\$	(86%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(5%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(9%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22
_	0.1%	1.3%	-1.6%
	average annual change between 2017–18 and	average annual change between 2017–18 and	average annual change between 2017–18 and

Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited data). Includes both capped and uncapped rates and charges. 'Other' category of property class has been omitted.

2021-22

2021-22

Revenue

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021-22 dollars.

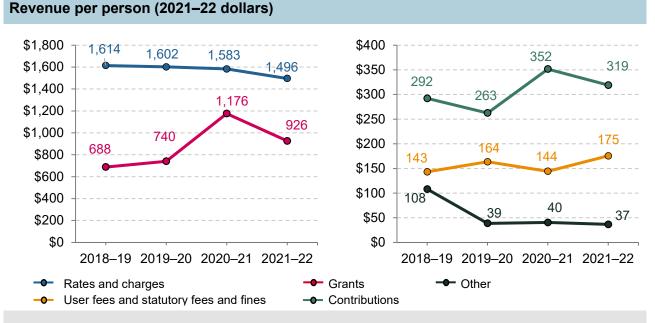
Where did council's money come from?

Revenue (2021–22 \$m and % of total revenue)

	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021	1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Rates and charges	14.8	(57%)	15.1	(57%)	15.5	(48%)	15.1	(51%)
User fees and statutory fees and fines	1.3	(5%)	1.5	(6%)	1.4	(4%)	1.8	(6%)
Grants	6.3	(24%)	7.0	(26%)	11.5	(36%)	9.4	(31%)
Contributions	2.7	(10%)	2.5	(9%)	3.4	(11%)	3.2	(11%)
Other	1.0	(4%)	0.4	(1%)	0.4	(1%)	0.4	(1%)
Total	26.0		26.4		32.2		29.9	

Mansfield Shire Council's total revenue increased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2020–21, before decreasing in 2021–22. This reflects changes in revenue from grants and contributions.

Rates and charges, and grants were the largest sources of revenue, accounting for 83 per cent of total revenue between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



In terms of revenue per person (which adjusts for changes in population), revenue from user fees and statutory fees and fines, grants and contributions increased between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This compares with a downward trend in revenue per person from rates and charges and 'other' revenue.

Expenditure

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

How much money did council spend?

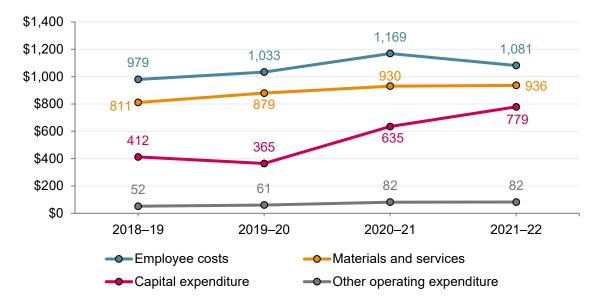
Expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total expenditure)

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	2018–19		201	2019–20		2020–21		1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Operating expenditure	16.8	(82%)	18.5	(84%)	21.3	(77%)	21.2	(73%)
Employee costs	9.0	(43%)	9.7	(44%)	11.4	(42%)	10.9	(38%)
Materials and services	7.4	(36%)	8.3	(38%)	9.1	(33%)	9.5	(33%)
Other operating expenditure	0.5	(2%)	0.6	(3%)	0.8	(3%)	0.8	(3%)
Capital expenditure	3.8	(18%)	3.4	(16%)	6.2	(23%)	7.9	(27%)
Total	20.6		22.0		27.5		29.1	

Mansfield Shire Council's total expenditure increased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This reflected increases in all expenditure categories.

Employee costs was the largest area of expenditure, accounting for 41 per cent of total expenditure between 2018–19 and 2021–22.

Expenditure per person (2021–22 dollars)



In terms of expenditure per person (which adjusts for changes in population), council's spending on all categories increased between 2018–19 and 2021–22.

Infrastructure

Did council's capital expenditure pattern change?

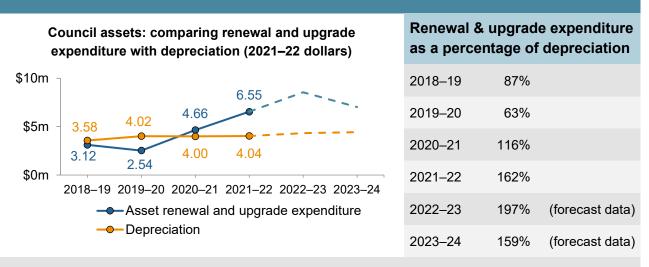
Capital expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)	(2021–22 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)
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	2018–19	2019–20	2020–21	2021–22
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Renewal	2.2 (60%)	1.0 (29%)	3.6 (59%)	4.3 (54%)
Upgrade	0.9 (23%)	1.6 (45%)	1.0 (16%)	2.3 (29%)
Expansion	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)
New	0.6 (17%)	0.9 (26%)	1.5 (25%)	1.3 (17%)
Total	3.8	3.4	6.2	7.9

Mansfield Shire Council's spending on asset renewal trended upwards in real terms, despite fluctuating between 2018–19 and 2021–22. Asset renewal accounted for the highest share of capital expenditure over this period (52 per cent).

Did council renew assets (such as roads, parks and buildings)?

Council's spending on asset upgrades and new assets increased in real terms, between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



Council's spending on renewing and upgrading assets trended upwards in real terms between 2019–20 and 2021–22, following a decrease in 2019–20. Renewal and upgrade expenditure increased above the amount of depreciation (the decline in value of council's assets caused by age and use) in 2020–21. It was forecast to remain above the amount of depreciation in 2022–23 and 2023–24.

Essential Services Commission Fact sheet 2023 — Mansfield Shire Council

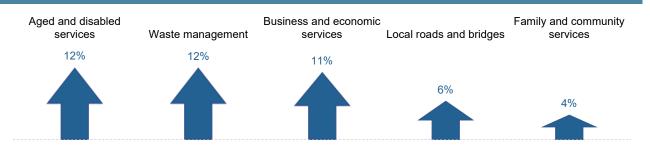
Services

Which service areas did council spend its money on?

Expenditure by function (2021–22 \$m and % of total services expenditure)

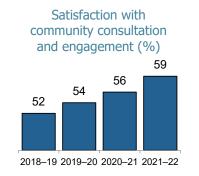
	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021-	-22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Aged and disabled services	1.1	(6%)	1.1	(5%)	1.3	(5%)	1.6	(6%)
Business and economic services	2.1	(10%)	2.1	(9%)	3.0	(12%)	2.9	(11%)
Environment	0.4	(2%)	0.5	(2%)	0.8	(3%)	1.1	(5%)
Family and community services	1.3	(6%)	1.4	(6%)	1.6	(6%)	1.5	(6%)
Governance	5.6	(27%)	6.4	(28%)	7.2	(29%)	6.1	(24%)
Local roads and bridges	4.7	(23%)	5.2	(23%)	5.4	(21%)	5.7	(22%)
Recreation and culture	2.4	(12%)	2.4	(11%)	2.3	(9%)	2.4	(9%)
Traffic and street management	0.5	(2%)	0.5	(2%)	0.5	(2%)	0.5	(2%)
Waste management	2.3	(11%)	2.9	(13%)	2.8	(11%)	3.2	(13%)
Other	0.0	(0%)	0.1	(1%)	0.4	(2%)	0.4	(2%)
Total	20.4		22.6		25.3		25.3	

Which areas experienced the biggest changes from 2018–19 to 2021–22?



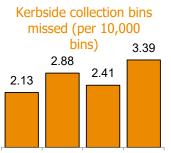
Source: Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited). Council Annual Reports may provide further explanation of these expenditure changes.

Did service quality or community satisfaction change?





2018–19 2019–20 2020–21 2021–22

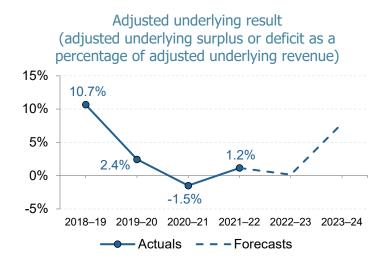


2018–19 2019–20 2020–21 2021–22

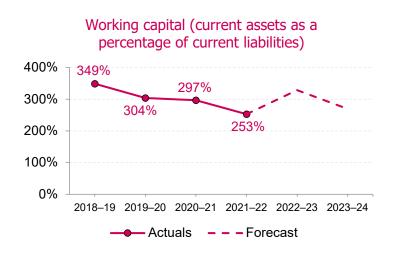
Financial position

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

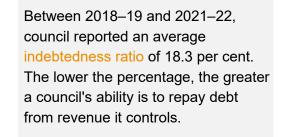
Did council operate sustainably?



Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, Mansfield Shire Council reported an average adjusted underlying result of 3.2 per cent. An ongoing positive result suggests ongoing revenue can fund the current level of service provision.



Council could meet its current financial obligations with a reported average working capital ratio of 300 per cent between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



Indebtedness (non-current liabilities as a percentage of own-source revenue) 35% 28.7% 30% 25% 20% 15.5% 14.8% 15% 10% 14.0% 5% 0% 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24 Actuals - - - Forecasts

Note: Some of the year-on-year changes in these financial indicators may be due to changes to accounting standards or the impact of coronavirus. See the reader's guide for more information.