

# Indigo Shire Council

## Group: small shire

This fact sheet uses graphs and data to examine this council's revenue, expenditure and financial sustainability over recent years. The information aims to help readers understand the impacts of rate capping. This was introduced in 2016–17 to restrict the amount councils can increase their general rates and municipal charges each financial year.

You can compare this council's data against its 'group' by looking at the fact sheet for small shires. Further information is available at <u>http://www.esc.vic.gov.au/outcomes-reports</u>. You'll find an interactive version of this fact sheet, a reader's guide to help you understand key terms and information about the sector as a whole.



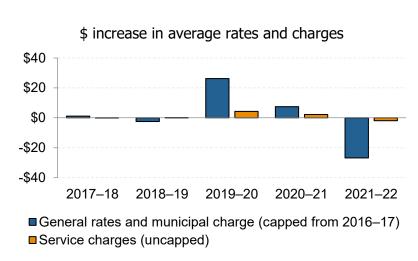
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#### Key facts

Population (June 2021):	17,249
Size (km²):	2,041
Length of local roads (km):	1,571
Population per km of roads:	11
Council employees (FTE, 2021–22):	148
Higher cap approved for any year between 2016–17 and 2021–22	No

## Rates

## What happened to average rates and charges (2021–22 dollars)?



Average rates and charges	Applicable rate cap
\$1,976	2.50%
\$1,977	2.00%
\$1,975	2.25%
\$2,006	2.50%
\$2,015	2.00%
\$1,987	1.50%
	rates and charges \$1,976 \$1,977 \$1,975 \$2,006 \$2,015

## Rates (continued)

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

Did council's average rates comply with the applicable rate caps?							
2020–21 (2.00%)	2021–22 (1.50%)	2022–23 (1.75%)					
Yes	Yes	Yes					

### How did rates change for different ratepayers?

#### Council's rating strategy 2022–23

Council applies 5 differential rates for different types of property, a municipal charge and recovers the cost of waste services using service charges. The adopted budget contains more information about rate categories and charges.

#### Distribution of rates increases and decreases

The applicable rate cap is applied to council's average rate. So, some individual rates increased by more and some increased by less than the applicable cap (or even decreased).

2020–21	29%	38%	33%
2021–22	Det	a not provided for 2021–22 and 2	000 00
2022–23	Dat		022-23

% of rates notices decreasing

% of rates notices increasing by less than the applicable cap

□ % of rates notices increasing by more than the applicable cap

#### Ratepayers by property class (2021-22 dollars)

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	Residential ratepayers	Commercial and Industrial ratepayers	Rural ratepayers
•	71%	4%	25%
	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22	of ratepayers in 2021–22
*	\$12.9m	<b>\$0.8m</b>	<b>\$4.6m</b>
\$	(71%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(4%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22	(25%) of rates and charges revenue in 2021–22
_	-0.8%	0.8%	2.7%
	average annual change	average annual change	average annual change
	between 2017–18 and	between 2017–18 and	between 2017–18 and
	2021–22	2021–22	2021–22

**Source:** Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited data). Includes both capped and uncapped rates and charges. 'Other' category of property class has been omitted.

## Revenue

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

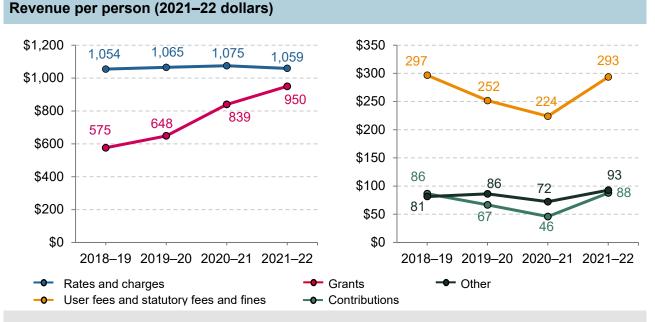
### Where did council's money come from?

**Revenue** (2021–22 \$m and % of total revenue)

	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021	1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Rates and charges	17.5	(50%)	18.0	(50%)	18.4	(48%)	18.3	(43%)
User fees and statutory fees and fines	4.9	(14%)	4.2	(12%)	3.8	(10%)	5.1	(12%)
Grants	9.6	(27%)	10.9	(31%)	14.3	(37%)	16.4	(38%)
Contributions	1.4	(4%)	1.1	(3%)	0.8	(2%)	1.5	(4%)
Other	1.4	(4%)	1.5	(4%)	1.2	(3%)	1.6	(4%)
Total	34.8		35.7		38.6		42.8	

Indigo Shire Council's total revenue increased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22, reflecting increases in revenue from grants.

Rates and charges, and grants were the largest sources of council's revenue, accounting for 81 per cent of total revenue between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



In terms of revenue per person (which adjusts for changes in population), revenue from grants and 'other' revenue increased between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This compares with a downward trend in revenue per person from user fees and statutory fees and fines and contributions — however both increased in 2021–22.

## Expenditure

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

### How much money did council spend?

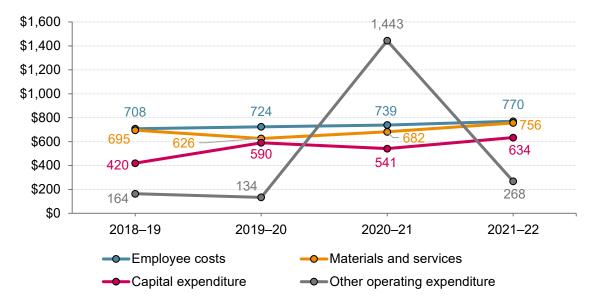
#### Expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total expenditure)

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	2018–19		201	2019–20		2020–21		1–22
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Operating expenditure	26.0	(79%)	25.0	(72%)	48.9	(84%)	30.9	(74%)
Employee costs	11.7	(36%)	12.2	(35%)	12.6	(22%)	13.3	(32%)
Materials and services	11.5	(35%)	10.6	(30%)	11.7	(20%)	13.0	(31%)
Other operating expenditure	2.7	(8%)	2.3	(6%)	24.7	(42%)	4.6	(11%)
Capital expenditure	7.0	(21%)	9.9	(28%)	9.2	(16%)	10.9	(26%)
Total	33.0		35.0		58.2		41.9	

Indigo Shire Council's total expenditure trended upwards in real terms, despite fluctuating between 2018–19 and 2021–22. This reflected changes in all expenditure categories.

Employee costs was the largest area of expenditure, which accounted for 30 per cent of total expenditure between 2018–19 and 2021–22.

#### Expenditure per person (2021–22 dollars)



In terms of expenditure per person (which adjusts for changes in population), council's spending on all categories increased between 2018–19 and 2021–22.

## Infrastructure

101%

125%

87%

85%

158%

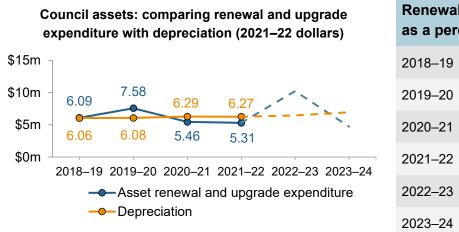
68%

## Did council's capital expenditure pattern change?

Capital expenditure (2021–22 \$m and % of total capital expenditure)								
	2018–19	2019–20	2020–21	2021–22				
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m				
Renewal	4.6 (66%)	5.0 (51%)	3.8 (41%)	3.9 (36%)				
Upgrade	1.5 (22%)	2.5 (26%)	1.7 (18%)	1.4 (13%)				
Expansion	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)	0.0 (0%)				
New	0.9 (13%)	2.4 (24%)	3.8 (41%)	5.6 (51%)				
Total	7.0	9.9	9.2	10.9				

Indigo Shire Council's spending on asset renewal trended downwards in real terms, despite fluctuating between 2018–19 and 2021–22. Asset renewal accounted for the highest share of capital expenditure over this period (47 per cent).

Council's spending on new assets increased in real terms between 2018–19 and 2021–22, while spending on asset upgrades fluctuated.



Did council renew assets (such as roads, parks and buildings)?

#### **Renewal & upgrade expenditure** as a percentage of depreciation

Council's spending on renewing and upgrading assets trended downwards in real terms between 2019–20 and 2021–22, following a peak in 2019–20. Renewal and upgrade expenditure decreased below the amount of depreciation (the decline in value of council's assets caused by age and use) in 2020-21. It was forecast to increase above the amount of depreciation in 2022–23, before decreasing in 2023–24.

### Essential Services Commission Fact sheet 2023 — Indigo Shire Council

(forecast data)

(forecast data)

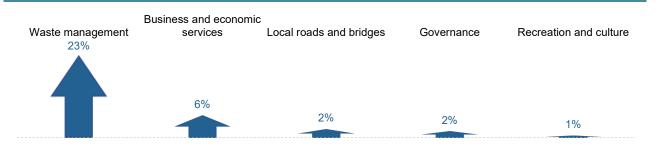
## **Services**

## Which service areas did council spend its money on?

Expenditure by function (2021–22 \$m and % of total services expenditure)

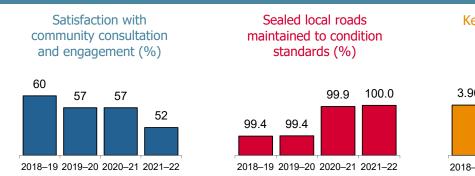
	2018–19		2019–20		2020–21		2021–22	
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	
Aged and disabled services	0.2	(1%)	0.3	(1%)	0.3	(0%)	0.3	(1%)
Business and economic services	7.5	(23%)	6.3	(20%)	6.8	(12%)	8.9	(24%)
Environment	0.7	(2%)	0.7	(2%)	0.7	(1%)	0.7	(2%)
Family and community services	0.9	(3%)	0.9	(3%)	0.9	(2%)	1.1	(3%)
Governance	8.7	(27%)	8.6	(28%)	9.4	(17%)	9.2	(25%)
Local roads and bridges	6.6	(20%)	6.8	(22%)	29.2	(53%)	7.0	(19%)
Recreation and culture	4.0	(13%)	4.2	(13%)	4.3	(8%)	4.1	(11%)
Traffic and street management	0.6	(2%)	0.6	(2%)	0.7	(1%)	0.8	(2%)
Waste management	2.8	(9%)	2.8	(9%)	2.9	(5%)	5.2	(14%)
Other	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)	0.0	(0%)
Total	32.1		31.1		55.3		37.2	

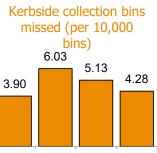
### Which areas experienced the biggest changes from 2018–19 to 2021–22?



**Source:** Victorian Local Government Grants Commission (unaudited). Council Annual Reports may provide further explanation of these expenditure changes.

### Did service quality or community satisfaction change?





2018–19 2019–20 2020–21 2021–22

## **Financial position**

250%

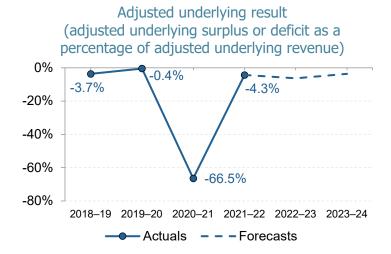
200%

150%

100% 50% 0% 215%

See the reader's guide for data sources and useful information. Note: The numbers in this fact sheet have been adjusted for inflation and are expressed in 2021–22 dollars.

### Did council operate sustainably?



Working capital (current assets as a

percentage of current liabilities)

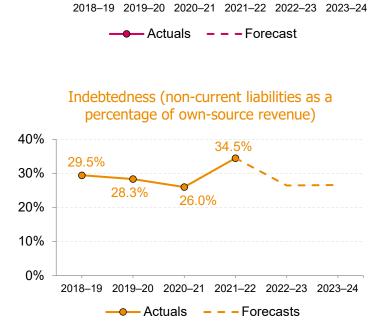
175%

197%

216%

Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, Indigo Shire Council reported an average adjusted underlying result of -18.7 per cent. An ongoing negative result suggests that, without an increase in ongoing revenue or the receipt of one-off grants, ongoing revenue may not fund the range and level of services being provided.

Council could meet its current financial obligations with a reported average working capital ratio of 201 per cent between 2018–19 and 2021–22.



Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, council reported an average indebtedness ratio of 29.6 per cent. The lower the percentage, the greater a council's ability is to repay debt from revenue it controls.

**Note:** Some of the year-on-year changes in these financial indicators may be due to changes to accounting standards or the impact of coronavirus. See the reader's guide for more information.